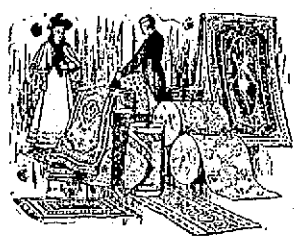
Newport Daily News.

WAGON DELIVERIES ON 40 MILES OF ADJACENT COUNTRY ROADS.

ESTABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, R. I., WEDNESDAY, MAY 17, 1899. PRICE TWO CENTS.



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ONE TO FOUR YARDS WIDE

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15c. per yard up. Over 25 different patterns to select from.

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New styles in muslin curtains just in.
Just the thing for summer.

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J. A. & H. H. BARKER,
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R. I. SOUTHDOWN SPRING LAMB,
Ducklings, Roasting and Broiling Chickens, Eggs, etc.,
N. Y. City Dressed Beef.

Telephone 202-2.

SAN ISIDRO TAKEN.

Lawton's Advance Captures the Rebel Capital.

Driving the Enemy Northward into the Mountains.

MANILA, May 17.—General Lawton's advance guard, under Colonel Summers of the Oregon troops, took San Isidro, the insurgent capital, at 8:30 o'clock this morning.

Colonel Summers's command, consisting of the Twenty-Second infantry on the left, the Minnesota regiment in the centre and the Oregon and North Dakota regiments on the right, preceded by scouts and accompanied by Scott's battery of artillery, advanced from Baluarte at daylight. The troops first encountered the enemy two miles from San Isidro, the rebels retiring when our artillery opened fire. Just outside the town a rebel force, estimated to number 2,000 men, was entrenched. It made a slight resistance but evacuated its position when our troops turned its right flank.

The enemy's loss was 15 men killed and 20 wounded. Our troops also captured three prisoners and many rifles. On the American side one soldier of the Oregon regiment and one of the Minnesota regiment were slightly wounded.

After capturing the town, Colonel Summers's troops continued their advance, pursuing the retreating rebels for several miles.

The expedition under Major Kobbe of the Third artillery, consisting of the Seventeenth infantry, a battalion of the Ninth and one battery of the First artillery, left Calumpit at daybreak today, marching up the Rio Grande to join General Lawton's division at Arayat. A flotilla of Cascoes, loaded with supplies, also proceeded up the river. Both forces were convoyed by the "tin-clad" army gunboats, under Captain Grant.

Aguinaldo's ex-secretary, Escamillo, who was arrested here February 23, is now employed as official interpreter by the authorities.

Although the rebels still threaten San Fernando in considerable force, large numbers of natives, a majority of them being families with their household goods, are returning daily to the towns inside the American lines, at Apalit especially. Many of the richer Filipinos are coming to Manila and laborers are resuming work in the rice fields. The latter show their respect for American sovereignty by removing their hats to the passing trains.

Owing to the bad condition of the roads, the work of repairing the railroad is being actively pushed. All the broken bridges have been trestled and only a few excavations remain to be filled up. Trains will undoubtedly be running through to San Fernando in a few days. The only natives there are some Filipinos from Macabebe, who are trading with soldiers.

At daylight today Lieutenant Hill, who, with 25 men of the Fourth infantry, was concealed in the trenches near Pasig, was attacked by a force of rebels, who evidently imagined they could capture one of our outposts because only a few shots had been fired by the Americans. A few volleys put the enemy to flight, the rebels losing five men killed and a number of wounded.

The army gunboat Napingoden has returned here from the lake, having been disabled by a cannon shot from a rebel position near Santa Cruz, which broke her rudder post.

PRESSING THEM HARD.

Insurgents Given No Opportunity to Rally Their Forces.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The following despatch has been received at the War Department:

Manila, May 17. Adjutant General, Washington:

Situation as follows: Lawton, with tact and ability, has covered Bulacan province with his column and driven insurgents troops northward into San Isidro, second insurgent capital, which he captured this morning; is now driving enemy northward into mountains. He has constant fighting, inflicting heavy losses and suffering; few casualties. Appearance of his troops on flanks of enemy behind entrenchments thrown up at every strategic point and down very demoralizing to the insurgents, and has given them no opportunity to reconcentrate scattered troops. Kobbe's column with gunboats proceeding up Rio Grande * * * *.

OTIS.

Portions of the despatch which have not been made public relate to future movements of the troops.

WANTS TWO TROOPS OF CAVALRY.

Soldiers Needed at Burke and Mullen to Prevent Disorder.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Secretary Alger has received the following telegram from General Merriam in explanation of the situation in the Couer D'Alene:

Wardner, Idaho, May 16, 1899.—The governor of Idaho has carefully reviewed the situation here, and deems it necessary to place troops at Burke and Mullen to avoid further disorder. I request two troops of cavalry. Referring to the press criticisms, I have made no order. My action is limited strictly to the support of the state authorities. There are 395 prisoners still in custody under investigation.

Only Fifteen Guests to See the Shamrock Launched.

LONDON, May 17.—Sir Thomas Lipton, the Associated Press is informed, has limited to 15 the number of guests to be present at the launching of the America's cup challenger Shamrock. The date of the launch is not to be made public.

The Prince of Wales and the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha will have a private view of the Shamrock about June 75

Steinitz Sails for the International Chess Match.

NEW YORK, May 17.—William Steinitz left today on American liner St. Paul for London, to take part in the International chess tournament to begin in that city May 30.

MAY 17, 1899. OPEN EVENINGS.

RUG SALE!

We have put on sale

50 Select Woolen Daghestan Rugs,

All in perfect condition, at

$8.95 each.

These rugs will retail regularly from $12 to $16. Be sure to secure a few of them.

KAZANJIAN & CO., Kazanjian Building.

Second Edition.

"ABSOLUTELY FALSE."

Hamilton's Answer to Mayor Van Wyck.

Flat Denial of Statements Made by His Honor.

NEW YORK, May 17.—The Mazet investigating committee resumed its sessions here today. It was evident that Mayor Van Wyck's statement yesterday that ex-Police Commissioner Thomas L. Hamilton was a blackmailer was not to pass unnoticed, for Job Hedges, counsel for Mr. Hamilton, was in the courtroom early with a demand upon the official stenographer for a certified record of the mayor's words. Mr. Hamilton himself declined to discuss the matter, beyond saying the committee had promised him an opportunity on the stand to contradict the mayor's statement and also to give his version of the facts that led to his removal from the police board.

Mr. Hamilton was the first witness. He testified that no police reason was assigned for the retirement of Chief McCullagh, nor was there any accusation or suggestion of inefficiency made against him at the meetings of the board. Witness had insisted upon McCullagh being retained.

Mr. Hamilton said he had heard the testimony of the mayor yesterday, in which the chief executive said that Hamilton had used his official position to coerce the Casino into the payment of a bill, and that this was one of the reasons why the mayor removed Hamilton from the police board. Mr. Hamilton swore that the mayor's statements were "absolutely false." He declared that the bill the mayor referred to was not settled until about 30 days after witness was out of the police board, and that the license for the Casino was granted while he was in the board, and that he voted in favor of granting such license while the bill was still unpaid.

The mayor in his testimony yesterday said that Mr. Hamilton had refused while in conversation with him to vote for the transfer of any police officer unless Mr. Quigg or Senator Platt were agreeable. This statement Mr. Hamilton today denied. He also said the mayor had not threatened to remove him. Witness admitted that he had told the mayor that he wished to consult with the leaders of his party and had mentioned Senator Platt, but the consultation he desired was in regard to passing an a resolution which defined the powers of the chief to make transfers.

Job Hedges, lawyer for Mr. Hamilton, corroborated the latter's statement regarding the Casino bill.

Police Captain Herlihy was then sworn. It was brought out yesterday that Devery's first official act was to transfer Herlihy from the precinct of Fifth street to Kingsbridge, where there is little to do. Herlihy on the stand said that he was much obliged to Devery for transferring him, because he was having a better time at Kingsbridge. Mr. Moss seemed to think that Herlihy had changed his mind about a good many things within recent dates, and frankly confessed that he could do nothing with him.

Philip Cohen testified that he had often played in a poolroom in the Stuyvesant Hotel.

Cohen said he thought he had been cheated, and complained to the sergeant at the desk of the Fifth Street police station. That was two or three months ago. A week or two ago, nothing having come of the first complaint, Cohen said he went to see Inspector Cross and again complained. Cross sent for Captain Diamond, who was in command of the Fifth Street station.

Cohen said he had been taken to Magistrate Wentworth's police court and that there the clerk had made no attempt to give him a warrant, and he said to the clerk that if he did not issue the warrant he would go before the Mazet committee. Magistrate Wentworth then accused Cohen of attempting to threaten the court and told him to get out. Finally a warrant was issued, but it gave the policeman no authority to enter the house.

Accompanied by two policemen, Cohen went to the St. Mark's place poolroom, but their entrance was barred by a lawyer named Goldsmith, who claimed that the place was vacated. Goldsmith was arr[illegible] but there was no evidence against [illegible] and that was the end of the case.

Mr. Moss asked the witness if the various delays of the police in the case had not been made with the intention of allowing Goldsmith opportunity to be at the club when the police arrived. Cohen was unable to say. Mr. Moss said this kind of testimony needed explanation.

"The chief of police," said the counsel, "has been interrogated very closely concerning poolrooms, and it is putting it very mildly to say that he has absolutely no knowledge and shows no personal action concerning these matters. The evidence taken here yesterday was intended to show principally that the great upheaval in the police department which took place a few months ago had as its origin and as the cause of its beginning a controversy about a poolroom. The chief of police and various officers have testified to their acquaintance with Mr. Farrell, and the chief testified that Mr. Farrell was his bondsman in the case where he was tried under indictment, although he strenuously denied any knowledge himself of Farrell's keeping a poolroom. The testimony yesterday showed that an officer was sent under the direction of the chief and his immediate inspector to raid that particular poolroom, and the testimony showed, without attempting to sum it up, what the officer did, and the difficulty that he had, and the politicians that came in and took an interest in that particular matter. In the records they show that the matter immediately became a storm centre, and that there was introduced into the board of police the unprecedented resolution to transfer the simple policeman.

"The poolroom, the gambling issue, is the issue underneath the removal of Chief McCullagh, and I mean to claim, upon the testimony already adduced and upon the testimony that I shall adduce here, that it is impossible to believe that these gentlemen are ignorant of the existence of these poolrooms, and it is impossible to believe that the extraordinary activity connected with Patrolman McConnell and Captain Herlihy and the removal of Chief McCullagh are applicable upon any ordinary theory, but that they came out of, belonged to and are connected with this great poolroom industry, at the head of which is a man who has associates that have already been admitted on the stand."

SECRET TREATY SIGNED.

Japan Promises Aid to China Against German Aggression.

VICTORIA, B. C., May 17.—Steamer Empress of India brings the following mail advices from the Orient:

An unknown American was arrested at Pakan, for having pictures of the neighborhood in his possession. An inquiry was in progress when the steamer sailed.

It is reported among influential Chinese that a secret treaty has been signed, whereby Japan promises the aid of troops in China should Germany seize Shan Tung.

The Russians are prosecuting work night and day at Port Arthur. The harbor has been dredged to accommodate ships drawing 20 feet of water.

The Avenir Du Tonkin has a bitter article, stating that Lord Beresford made strong representations to the Pekin government that the Foo Chow arsenal should be taken from the French and put in the hands of England. It says that, if the French are driven out of Fokien, the English will encounter no obstacle to their plans from Canton to Shanghai.

Major Brown, a British officer, who has returned to Hong Kong, says the trouble with the Chinese in the Hinterland is mainly due to the fear of the Chinese that the British government will prohibit the smuggling of salt to Canton, a practice in which many are engaged. The rich class is not opposing the British.

An urgent telegram has been received from Governor Jao of Kashgaria, stating that Russian emissaries have been caught smuggling fire arms to the Mohammedan rebels. The governor asks for 15,000 men.

GOOD NEWS KILLED HIM.

Professor W. H. McEnore Died Suddenly of Heart Trouble.

NEW YORK, May 17.—Professor William Hale McEnror, M. D., one of the foremost authorities in therapeutics in this country, died suddenly of heart failure today at his home in this city. He received a signal compliment last evening in the form of a message from Ithaca, offering him the professorship of materia medica in the new Cornell medical college, with a salary of $10,000 a year. He was greatly elated by the news and his excitement is said to have developed a long dormant trouble of the heart. Dr. McEnrue was born in 1853.

Rochester Germans Anxious for Good Feeling.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 17.—A meeting of delegates of the various German societies of the city, representing over 4,000 German-Americans, was held last night in Maennerchor hall. Addresses were made by some of the most influential German citizens of Rochester. Resolutions were adopted protesting against the measures taken lately by many, tending to antagonize and create a hostile spirit between the United States and Germany.

Governor Roosevelt Calls the Legislature Together.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 17.—Governor Roosevelt has called an extraordinary session of the legislature, to meet Monday night next. At that time he will transmit a message to the body calling attention to such legislation as he desires passed. The body thus assembled can only act upon questions submitted by the governor.

Copper Trust Incorporated.

NEW YORK, May 17.—The Union Copper Mining Company filed incorporation papers today with the county clerk at Elizabeth, N. J. The capital stock is $8,000,000, divided into 800,000 shares of $10 each. The principal office will be in East Orange. The incorporators were Walter G. Newman, Byron T. Stratton and Temple Taylor Verdam.

THE ROBINSON
—AND—
THE MARGARET SUITES,
CATHERINE ST., Near Bellevue Avenue

ALL LIVERIES

Are not good liveries, but you get all the correct details and proper styles when you order your liveries from

COMMERFORD,
Importing Tailor,
218 THAMES STREET,
NEXT TO SEABURY'S.

Telephone 121-5.

Clearance Sale

STRAW MATTINGS, FROM 12c. UP.
OIL CLOTHS, FROM 22c. UP.
CARPETS, FROM 33c. UP.
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, FROM 60c. UP.
10 COLONIAL DESKS, ABOUT 200 YEARS OLD, ANTIQUE TABLES AND CHAIRS.
FURNITURE, WHITE ENAMEL BEDS, ALSO BEDDING.

GUSTAVE HAMILTON.
Over 204 Thames Street.

SMOKE
"The Brunswick"
—AND—
"Crimson Bouquet"
10c. CIGARS.

"Postoffice Square"
—AND—
"Number 83"
5c. CIGARS.

J. D. Richardson & Co.,
306 Thames St., Opp. Postoffice.

ACTING UNDER ORDERS

Claim of One of the Transvaal Prisoners.

Belief in London That the Affair Was Trumped Up.

LONDON, May 17.—The consul of the Transvaal here has received the following telegram from his government, dated Pretoria, May 16.

"Richard Nicholls, describing himself as a colonel; George Patterson, a captain; Edward J. Trondell, Charles Ellis and John A. Mitchell, lieutenants, and Fries and Hooper were arrested yesterday morning on the sworn declaration of three Englishmen on the charge of high treason in connection with the alleged project of enrollment of troops to create a revolution, seize Johannesburg fort and hold possession of the town until British troops from Natal could come to their assistance. One of the prisoners alleges that he was acting under instructions from the British war department."

A representative of the Associated Press saw a number of prominent South Africans connected with the leading concerns of Johannesburg today. They all declared they had not received a word from their own agents in Cape colony, indicating, they added, that the affair was "trumped up by the Boer police."

CONTINUED ON FIFTH PAGE.

New Cliffs Hotel
AND COTTAGES,
NEWPORT, R. I.,
Will Open June 17, 1899.

A number of furnished cottages with hotel service and board, to let for the season.

NEW PLUMBING AND ELECTRIC LIGHTS THROUGHOUT.

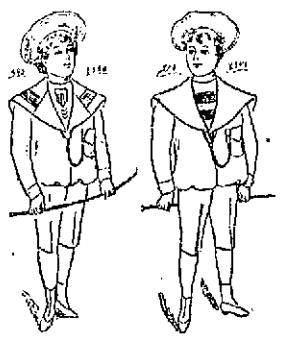
Powell's Drug Store.
Full Line of
Sponges, Toilet Requisites
And Mineral Waters.
PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.
FRANK L. POWELL,
COR. THAMES AND PELHAM STS.

G. E. Vernon & Co.,
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
Modern and Antique
FURNITURE
—AND—
Upholstery Goods.

Plans and estimates for Furnishing and Decorating Interiors complete submitted upon application.

91 John St.,
NEWPORT.

Boys' Washable Suits
In great variety.



It must be a pleasure for mothers of boys to know of one store where they can indulge themselves; change goods as often as they will, or get their money back without question.

Newport One Price Clothing Co.

208 THAMES ST. 208

Rhode Island Spring Lamb,
Early Vegetables,
Spring Chickens.
BUTTER AND EGGS.
—AT—
Brown's Market.

THE BEE HIVE.

Silk Waists

—AT A—

Special Low Price

Today we put on Sale

50 China Silk Waists,

Made with the latest style of dress sleeves, with corded front and plaited back, in the following colors—cerise, royal blue, helio and turquoise blue, at the special price of

$2.65.

Only 50 of them, and no more to be had at that price.

Also an immense line of new SHIRT WAISTS at 49c. 68c., 75c. and 98c.

AT THE BEE HIVE.

This Morning's News.

RELEASED BY GENERAL LUNA.

American and British Civilians Escorted Through the Lines.

MANILA, May 16.—Messrs. Carrick and Holmes, the American and British civilians captured at the Calumpit rice mill, have been released by the rebel General Luna, who saw them through his lines with several Englishmen, who received 48 hours' notice to leave rebel territory.

United States cruiser Charleston has arrived here from Hong Kong. She touched at Aparri, communicating with gunboat Concord, stationed at the mouth of the harbor. Some native archers shot arrows at the Concord's boat, which was sent ashore for sand, and no further attempt to land was made.

The Charleston also spoke the gunboat Wheeling at Lingayan. All was quiet there.

AGUINALDO NOT A FUGITIVE.

His Retirement to the Mountains Part of a Strategic Plan.

LONDON, May 16.—The Filipino junta here informs the Associated Press that, on receipt of the news saying that all foreigners had been ordered from the Filipino lines, a cable message of inquiry was sent to Aguinaldo, who replied that the announcement was due to the statements of Mr. Higgins, the manager of the railroad, on his return to Manila after several months' residence in the Filipino lines.

The Filipinos, it is added, ridicule the statement that Aguinaldo is a fugitive, and declare his retirement to the Carpathus mountains is part of his strategic plans, as the mountains are almost inaccessible, are inhabited by savages who use poisoned arrows, and that it is absolutely impossible for the Americans to follow him there.

BRITISH FLAG HOISTED.

Troops Take Possession of Kow Loon, in China.

HONG KONG, May 16.—Several detachments of the British troops which were sent to Kow Loon have returned, after taking possession of the city. The Chinese garrison was disarmed, the British flag was hoisted without disturbance, and 50 men of the Welsh Fusiliers were left to garrison the town. No news has been received from the Hinterland expedition.

MARCHAND NOT MASSACRED.

African Traveler to be Given Royal Welcome to Paris.

PARIS, May 16.—At today's cabinet council M. Guillain, minister of the colonies, read a telegram received by the governor of Jibouti from Major Marchand, saying the mission was in perfect health and would arrive at Jibouti May 16, and adding:

"At the moment of our arrival at the end of our journey across Africa, and the termination of three years spent in the accomplishment of the task intrusted to us, the chief of the mission and his officers beg you to renew to the government and their military chiefs the assurance of their respectful devotion and of the spirit of discipline and obedience which three years spent in the bush has been unable to alter."

The ministers decided to grant the rewards to officers asked for by Major Marchand, and they drew up a program of the fetes to be given in France in honor of the African traveler.

Major Marchand will be officially received at Toulon by the naval prefect and delegates from the ministry of marine and the ministry of the colonies. On his arrival in this city he will be met at the railroad station by representatives of the ministry of war, the ministry of marine, the ministry of the colonies, the President of the republic and a committee of the Military Club. The minister of marine will place his carriage at the disposal of Major Marchand, and it will convey him to the ministry of marine, where a grand lunch will be served. The same evening a reception will be given in the traveler's honor at the Military Club. The minister of the colonies will also hold a soiree in his honor.

The following day a commemorative medal inscribed "Marchand Mission—From the Atlantic to the Red Sea," will be presented to the members of the expedition.

THE SECRET DOSSIER.

Figaro in a Position to Give its Exact Composition.

PARIS, May 16.—Today's Figaro continues the summary and analysis of the evidence offered before the court of cassation in the Dreyfus revision inquiry. The paper says it is in a position to give the exact composition of the dossier, which, it asserts, contained seven documents, each of which it proceeds to analyze.

Regarding the forged letters attributed to Emperor William, the paper declares that these existed in the dossier, but were subsequently destroyed. M. Hanotaux, former minister of foreign affairs, on learning what was going on, protested against the use of these, on the ground that they were forgeries, but General Mercier, former minister of war, refused to suppress them. M. Hanotaux's protest, according to the Figaro, still exists at the war office.

The Figaro says: "When, in November, 1897, the Intransigeant alluded to these letters, Count von Munster, German ambassador to France, went to the foreign office and said: 'My sovereign does not concern himself with your forgeries, but this is too much. It is beyond all bounds; make your press shut up.' The matter was settled by an official denial of the existence of the letters."

The other documents in the dossier were only those already made public. The Figaro then goes on to show that, when they were not forgeries, they did not refer to Dreyfus.

FURTHER WARRANTS ISSUED.

Transvaal Executive in Secret Session on the Arrests for Treason.

PRETORIA, Transvaal Republic, May 16.—The arrest at Johannesburg early this morning of eight former British officers has caused intense excitement here. The prisoners were brought to Pretoria by special train. After they had been lodged in jail they were visited by the British diplomatic agent here.

It is stated that the commissioner of police, who had the affair in hand, had been working up the case for four months. Mr. Beatty, the detective who effected the arrests, received his instructions last week and secured the necessary warrants yesterday.

The executive of the Transvaal is sitting in secret session this evening, considering the arrests. Further warrants have been issued.

It is asserted that the officers arrested were also preparing to organize a corps in Natal, the British colony between the Orange Free States and the Indian ocean, to assist the projected movement at Johannesburg.

The British agent and charge d'affaires, Mr. Conyngham Greene, had an interview with President Kruger this afternoon and expressed regret that men who had worn the queen's uniform should be concerned in such a movement.

President Kruger replied that he would not believe the prisoners were British officers until it had been proved. He hoped the affair would not interfere with the proposed meeting between himself and Sir Alfred Milner, governor of Cape Colony and British high commissioner for South Africa.

NO LIVES LOST.

Severe Storms in Michigan and Ohio Do Much Damage.

DETROIT, Mich., May 16.—Severe storms were general throughout the state today. Hudson, Cairo, Goldwater, Marshall and Brant all report considerable property damage, but no lives lost.

Near Alvordton, just over the state line in Ohio, the storm destroyed a school building. There were 15 children in the building, beside the teacher, Miss Flossie Fisher. Ten of the children and Miss Fisher were injured, and it is reported that two children will die.

In Detroit the storm did $40,000 damage. Forty houses and barns were unroofed, and one large building demolished. There was no loss of life here.

TOLEDO, Ohio, May 16.—One of the worst wind and rain storms in years was experienced here and all over northwestern Ohio today.

A cyclone struck Akron this afternoon and part of the Akron Sewer Pipe Company's main building was blown down and three men injured.

At Canal Fulton a schoolhouse was partly demolished, and nine pupils were injured.

REPORT OF THE STATE HOUSE COMMISSION.

The report of the state house commission, presented to the General Assembly, showing the present condition of the new building and the expenditures, bills due and balances of the appropriations, is as follows:

"The funds voted by the people for the state house became available about the middle of September last and since that time the work on the building has been progressing as rapidly as the weather would permit. The exterior of the wings is completed and the central portion of the structure is nearly to the curve of the dome. The boilers for heating have been set and the tunnel from the boiler house to the state house has been built. In the state house the floors, partitions and steam piping have been put in, the electric wiring is nearly completed and the walls are being plastered. It is hoped that the General Assembly may occupy the building during its next January session.

"The terrace, approaches and laying out of the grounds cannot be completed with the funds now at the disposal of the board. The saving of time, however, in starting this spring to put the grounds in order, to which your attention has been called by His Excellency, the governor, is so apparent that we suggest that $10,000 be placed at the disposal of the board to enable them to do a portion of this work this season.

"The contracts now outstanding are: With McKim, Mead & White, the architects, for five per centum of the cost of the building, on which $71,048.35 has been paid; with S. Homer Woodbridge, for five per centum of the cost of heating and ventilating, on which $1,320.60 has been paid; with Lewis & Claflin, the experts on electric wiring, for five per centum of the cost thereof, on which $548.75 has been paid; with Norcross Brothers, for erecting the building, $1,625,000, on which $1,196,241.00 has been paid, and for building the tunnel, $2,175, on which nothing has been paid; Sydney Smith, for his plant system of heating boilers, $900, and of smoke consuming, $300, on which nothing has been paid; with Edward Kendall & Sons, for boilers, $3,319, and of connections, $775, on which nothing has been paid; with the F. W. Foster Manufacturing Company, $378, for shaking grates, on which nothing has been paid; with Wells & Newton, for gas piping, $450, on which nothing has been paid; with Scammelin & Potter, for electric wiring, $21,950, on which nothing has been paid; with Mills, Horton & Reed, for steam piping, $1,875, on which nothing has been paid; and one with John B. Byrne, for fire brick, $66, on which nothing has been paid.

"There has been expended up to the date of this report the sum of $1,071,100.21, of which $400,607 is for land.

"All of which is respectfully submitted

"HERBERT W. LADD, President."

AMERICAN MONEY IN CUBA.

Gold is a talismanic word in Cuba. With all its troubles and uncertainties Cuba never wavered in its devotion to the gold standard. An artificial premium was put upon gold to keep it from going to Spain. A great transformation in its money system is coming over the island. The American invasion of peace has practically established a new standard, the American gold standard—not the artificial and slightly varying Spanish gold standard. Our money was in free circulation all over the island in February last. Merchants, ticket-sellers on the railroads, and cashiers in other places knew just what to do when American money was given to them in payment for value received. There would be invariably a lot of figuring on a pad—a figuring that I could never pretend to comprehend—but one always received his change accurately in Spanish or American money, as the case might be. The people preferred American money, not so much because it was gold-standard money as because it had an absolutely fixed value. It became the standard, and Spanish gold was adjusted to it day by day. It was driving Spanish money out of general use rapidly.—[Harper's Weekly.

ENGLISH GO-CARTS FOR CHILDREN.

The little English go-carts, which are in considerable use nowadays as a variety of baby-carriage, possess some advantages. They are much lighter and therefore easier to propel than the larger perambulators. It should be remembered, however, that they are not and never were intended for young infants. It is a little short of barbarous cruelty to put a young baby of five or six months in these upright little chairs, and the practice may easily result in permanent injury to the child's back. Another caution is that the supporting strap placed in front of the child should always be looked to carefully. The child is apt to lean forward and hang upon this, his safety depending upon its strength.—[New York Post.

By analysis and experiment, a German chemist has reached the conclusion that the oil cement of ancient aqueducts was a mixture of one part of olive oil with two parts of air-slacked lime. Such a mixture proved very durable, while a cement burned lime and oil was not permanent.

REAL PEWTER SCARCE.

An Article of Table Ware Which Has Become Very Rare.

It has been the fortune of a few people to dine off gold plate on some great state occasion. Rather more people have sat at a meal when the plates and dishes were of silver; but only a small circle, it is quite safe to say, have been at a dinner when every article upon the table was made of pewter.

To the ordinary person the word "pewter" means the metal, or rather alloy of metals, which go to form the ordinary beer tankard in an inn. The collector of pewter, however, knows very differently, and most people will be surprised to hear that real old pewter is extremely rare.

The modern public house tankard, although it may be known by the generic title of "pewter," is not pewter at all, but a much cheaper and less interesting mixture of metal known as "sand pewter."

In fact, the old art of pewter making is almost entirely lost, and no modern makers have been able to produce a combination of lead and tin equal to that which was current 100 or more years ago.

Experts in the subject say that in all probability the famous pewter makers Hobbouse, Jarman and the like, possessed the secret of a third ingredient which is not now known. When the improved processes of glassmaking made glass vessels extraordinarily cheap pewter making fell into disuse and with its fall its secret perished also.

For the collector of pewter this is a most happy circumstance, for it makes his objects rare and valuable. Probably the best-known pewter collector in England is Frank Jackson, the well known artist and the secretary of the London Sketch Club.

It was owing to him that the first dinner was eaten entirely from pewter, and it is through him that the "pewter dinners" have become an artistic function, to which many amateurs of the curious in life would give a good deal to be invited.

The originator of the idea began to collect pewter some time ago, in fragments. He would come across a dish here, a plate there or a fine tankard in some country tavern. As the collection grew it became his ambition to have a complete dinner service for at least six people, a thing which, as every collector knows, is extremely difficult of achievement.

Gradually the set grew. The fine collection of tankards belonging to one of the smaller inns of court came into the market and was at once bought up. Some wonderful tureens and basins of pewter were found in Rome, the remains of the table service of a cardinal in the middle ages.

The greatest difficulty of all was experienced in the search for liquor "glasses" of pewter. The artist was determined that nothing should be wanting in his dinner service and that it should be complete down to the smallest detail.

Eventually, strange as it may seem, the liquor "glasses" were picked up in Algiers. They are of very rare and curious workmanship. Pewter seems so thoroughly an English product that one finds it difficult to imagine it of foreign workmanship.

The knives were discovered at the sale of an old country mansion with its effects. The handles are of thick pewter. It is curious also to find how difficult it is to eat with pewter spoons after the light silver ones in use in the present day. When the whole dinner service was completed the plan of regular pewter dinners was inaugurated by Mr. Jackson. These take place in a great studio at the home of the artist, Bedford Park. More than one old English tradition is kept with due solemnity and old English fare is eaten.—[Chicago Chronicle.

PHILIPPINE MUSIC.

Philippine music is becoming popular. Returning voyagers to the far distant islands have introduced it here. Like the Hawaiian, it is distinctive, and characteristic of the national life of the people, though without doubt an adaptation of the sweet and melancholy music of the Spaniards. Flute, violin and harp are the favorite instruments, as in the Italian, but it is not like the animated music of Italy. The liveliest strains of the Filipinos are pathetic and melancholy in tone. So, too, are the titles of most of their musical compositions, as, for instance, "Los Dias Ultimas del Verano" ("The Last Days of Summer"), "The Wail of a Lost Soul," "The Approach of Autumn."

The harp twangs softly, the violin bow is gently drawn, while above all floats the wail of a flute, which rises and falls in melancholy cadences. This music speaks as eloquently to the foreigner as to the native. "The Approach of Autumn" is so plaintive and sad that you can almost hear the rustle of the forest leaves, or the sighing of autumn zephyrs through the pine trees.

Church music, too, is of the same plaintive character, all pitched in a minor key.—[Indianapolis Sentinel.

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CLARENCE A. HAMMETT, Agent.

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169 Thames Street,
OFFER FOR SALE:

House and stable, on Walnut street,	$8,500
Cottage house and stable on Spring street,	3,300
Cottage house and stable on Powel avenue,	3,500
Cottage house on Powel avenue,	8,000
Cottage house on Tilley avenue,	2,500
Cottage house on Carey street,	2,500
Building on lower Broadway,	4,500
Dwelling on upper Broadway,	5,000
Two-tenement house on Ashhurst place,	4,700

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Oculists' prescriptions given special attention.
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Graduate of N. Y. and Pa. Optical Colleges.
88 BROADWAY, NEWPORT, R. I.
Formerly Wilson's.

From the Granite Hills of New Hampshire comes
Londonderry Lithia Water
Soft, light, and absolutely pure.
F. P. GARRETTSON & CO., THE HASSARD CO., Agents, Newport, R.I.

DELIGHTFUL COASTERS. EASY HILL CLIMBERS.
Columbia Bevel Gear Chainless Bicycles, $75
(New 1899 models). Columbia, models 57 and 58, $50 (Highest development of the chain type). Hartfords, $35. Vedettes, $35 and $26.
REMEMBER WE DO ALL KINDS OF REPAIRING, RENTING AND TEACHING.
C. C. & A. H. POPPLE, 134 Bellevue Avenue.

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Be hasty and jump at the conclusion to purchase the first $25 wheel you look at, but come and look at my Lorraine wheel at $25.
It is beyond COMPETITION.
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Special Notice---We have a lot of furniture slightly damaged by smoke. It will be sold very cheap.
We carry a complete line of Teas, Coffees, Spices, Glass and Crockery Ware.
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AS SUPPLIED BY
NEWPORT HYGIENIC ICE AND WATER CO.
IS FIRST TAKEN, THROUGH 120 FEET OF SOLID SLATE ROCK,
FROM AN ARTESIAN WELL, THEN FILTERED,
GENERATED INTO STEAM, CONDENSED INTO WATER, RE-BOILED AND AERATED.
SUPPLIED IN FIVE GALLON CARBOYS OR HALF GALLON BOTTLES, SUITABLY CRATED FOR SHIPMENT.
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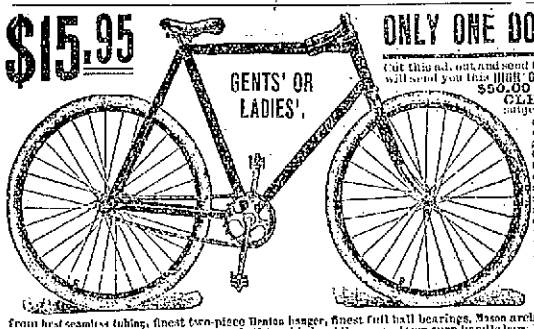

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MILLION MEN MADE HAPPY.

Great Increase in Wages of Workingmen Within a Year Past.

Nearly one million men in the United States are receiving higher wages now than they did at this time last year—such is the tale that is told of this marvelous month of May, 1899. Ordinarily May is the month of strikes. As soon as the weather gets warm enough for sleeping outdoors the fastidious strike microbe begins to circulate in the systems of wage earners from the Atlantic to the Pacific. The east side tailors gather in Liberty Hall and denounce the contractors; the coal miners come grim and sunsty from the depths to tell their wrongs in open air; the cotton workers declare that they have been working for starvation wages, and the steel workers find it more pleasant to gather in knots on the street corners and vocally crucify "scabs" than to labor for their daily bread beside the massive rolls and in close proximity to superheated furnaces.

But this year the atmosphere of prosperity has proved unhealthy for the strike germs. Such strikes as there have been, have been for the most part weak-hearted and short-lived. So feeble was the strike wave this year that a leading commercial journal in a recent issue remarked:

"That the market for skilled labor is in a very favorable condition at present is attested by the fact that the usual widespread May labor demonstrations for higher wages or the redress of real or fancied grievances are conspicuous by their absence this year."

That this is no rosy-hued picture painted with a political brush, is shown by the facts. Hardly a day passes that the wires do not bring in the news of employers of skilled labor voluntarily raising the wages of their employes. In manufacturing districts the dusky smoke is pouring from the factory chimneys day and night, painting in ebon hues upon the skies that all may read it:

"Work for all who want it."

As Lyman J. Gage, Secretary of the Treasury, aptly put it on the occasion of his last visit to New York:

"With every mill and every workshop open, agriculture at its best and new fortunes being extracted from the mines each day, idleness is now only a thing of choice.

"Confidence, which had been shaken by the loud talk of a socialistic few, returned, and was followed by a revival of trade. Debts were wiped out. A financial foundation for the future was established. Now comes the day of reward to intelligent and loyal labor."

Labor's day of reward is not of local celebration. From the New England states comes the news that the cotton workers—200,000 of them—have received an increase of 10 per cent in their pay, the advance being made voluntarily by their employers, who two years ago in order to prevent shutting down the mills altogether were compelled to make a reduction in the wages expense. Pennsylvania steel workers are rejoicing over an increase in their wages, governed as they are by a sliding scale of from 10 to 20 per cent. In the far Northwest the furniture makers and woodworkers are kept busy at more remunerative prices. Pittsburg motormen, Connellsville coke-workers, Alabama coal miners, Cleveland carpenters and Rockford quarrymen are all sharing in labor's reward.

Careful estimates based on accurate reports from all the manufacturing centers put the number of workmen enjoying increased wages at something more than 700,000 about January 1. But wages had turned to ascend even before the first of the year, and the reports since April 1 have been of increasing wages everywhere, so that the number affected is now nearly 1,000,000.

As an example of some of these changes, in the first week of April the wages of the makers of pearl buttons were raised from 10 to 15 per cent and almost of the iron furnaces notices were posted that $4 a ton would be paid for puddling instead of $2.75.

The pay roll in the Pennsylvania Railroad shops at Altoona, Penn., reached the largest figures ever known about the middle of April, being about $600,000 for a single week, an increase of nearly 50 per cent over the preceding year. In the shops of the Reading railway at Palo Alto, Penn., wages were also increased voluntarily by the company.

The first week in May found 600 quarrymen in Rockford, Ill., getting an advance of 25 cents a day. Thirty-five hundred mechanics in Cleveland, Ohio, including plumbers, plasterers, stove plate molders and carpenters, were made happy by having their wages raised 10 per cent. Coal miners in Alabama, several thousands of them, had all thoughts of striking driven from their minds by a similar advance.—[New York Herald.

GINGHAM SHIRT WAIST.

Shirt waist of pale pink and white striped gingham, tucked at each side in imitation of a yoke and fastening in the center with a box-plait. Shirt waist sleeve with narrow cuffs. This model is suitable for wash materials as well as silks, and makes up into a pretty conspicuous but becoming garment. Material required, 36 inches wide, 2¾

yards. Cut in 34, 36 and 38 inches bust measure.

A special illustration and full directions for putting together will be found with the pattern, to secure which preserve the number (371) and enclose with 10 cents, giving full name and address with house number, and stating size required, to the Daily News office.

ORCHID CULTURE.

Mrs. George B. Wilson of Philadelphia, whose seven conservatories contain orchids valued at over half a million dollars, which are the envy of horticulturists of two continents, has recently felt the force of the cynical Dutch proverb which says, "The true orchid collector has no conscience." In spite of the elaborate precautions taken to guard these irreplaceable plants, two orchid bulbs from Mexico of an absolutely unique species which cannot be duplicated have been stolen. There can be no absolute money value put upon them, but they could not have been bought for $5,000.

This theft redoubled the care taken to watch the visitors from all parts of the world who travel to this city simply to view this collection. Yet there still stranger thing has happened. Mrs. Wilson had visited the conservatory as usual and her orchid expert, a Frenchman, who, with two assistants, care for the almost priceless treasures, took especial pride in showing her a magnificent specimen of a rare variety of the laelia. Three of its 24 buds—value, $100 per bud—were about to flower.

"Demain les fleurs viendront" (tomorrow the blossoms will appear) said the gardener, as he watered the beautiful plant.

That afternoon two men came into the hot house which contains the laelias and spent an unusually long time among the flowers. One of the assistant gardeners was with them a short time and he says the men talked like experts. Saturday night the head gardener came into the house and told Mrs. Wilson that something was the matter with the plant she had seen. It was drooping and sickly. Everything was done to save it, but Sunday it shriveled up and died. On account of its numerous buds it was valued at the rate of $100 a bud, and $3,000 was a conservative price an orchid collector would put upon the plant.

Mrs. Wilson is sure that this was the work of some jealous collector or agent of a collector from another city. "They were not after that laelia, I am sure," she said, "but another of almost the same appearance, but of another variety, of which I have the only specimen in existence, and which nothing could buy. It was exhibited at Horticultural Hall, and the plant acquired considerable notoriety at that time. Some collector, piqued at not being able to acquire a specimen, has tried to ruin it. It was spite work, caused by jealousy, I am sure. Many orchid collectors have had the same experience."—[Philadelphia Times.

MENU FOR THURSDAY.

We are almost as like as eggs; women say so.—[Shakespeare.

Breakfast.

Bananas. Broiled Rice and Cream.
Broiled Honeycomb Tripe.
Toast Crumned. Potatoes.
Coffee.

Luncheon.

Omelet.
Dandelion Salad, French Dressing.
Toasted Crumpets. Tea.

Dinner.

Consommé.
Fried Chicken, Currant Jelly.
Cauliflower. Apricot Fritters.
Whipped Cream. Snow Cake.
Black Coffee.

Delicious Snow Cake. One pound arrowroot, one-quarter pound powdered sugar, one-half pound butter, the whites of eight eggs. Flavor with vanilla or almond. Beat the butter to a cream, add the sugar and arrowroot gradually, beating the mixture all the time. Beat the whites stiff and add them. Beat all together 20 minutes. Bake in a moderate oven one hour.

AROUND RHODE ISLAND.

The report concerning the transforming of the Butler Exchange, Providence, into an immense hotel is practically confirmed by Captain Walter R. Hazard, who, report says, is to be the manager of the new house. Captain Hazard was in Providence yesterday, and while he would not say that negotiations had been concluded he said that the facts, substantially were as published. It is understood that the new hotel will be one of the finest of its kind and will be replete with the latest metropolitan ideas. Its name will be the Butler-Duncan. Business men look upon the venture as a decidedly good thing for the city and are of the opinion that it will prove so for its projectors and managers.

Steamer Day Star, which was partially destroyed by fire on the night of Wednesday, May 3, left Providence yesterday in charge of a tug, bound for New York, where she will be rebuilt. At the time of the fire, when the boat was tied up at the wharf of the Narragansett Electric Light Company, Providence, it was thought the boat was a complete loss. Examination has proved, however, that the hull is in good condition, and was damaged but little by the flames which proved so destructive for the upper works of the river steamer and for her cabins and furnishings. It is expected that the rebuilt boat will be ready for service July 1.

An incendiary fire destroyed the big barn, wagon sheds and repair shop at Burr's ice houses near Luther's corner in Seekonk last night, and Philip C. Burr, the proprietor, sustained injuries of very serious character while engaged in endeavors to save the property. There is no doubt about the origin of the fire being the work of a firebug.

NEW CRAVAT CHAINS.

A pretty little novelty just making its appearance is the cravat chain. It is a little affair, which may serve other purposes as well, as it is but a bit of chain a few inches long, and terminating in two balls about the size of a hazel nut. These may be plain dull gold, with rhinestones or colored stones set in designs, or merely scattered, or the ball may be flattened, of blue enamel or imitation turquoise, etched in some mysterious symbol. The chains are passed double, just below the knot of the four-in-hand or Ascot, the balls passing through the loop, and thus securing it from slipping. The chain is also found useful in securing the natty little jackets in vogue this season, when it is too warm to button them all the way, and is yet undesirable to have them hang without some confinement. In fact, these pretty little chains may be useful in many ways, for confining the folds of an umbrella or securing a dainty handkerchief to one's parasol handle or fan, and be assured if my lady is so fortunate as to possess one she will always find some means of keeping it in evidence, provided it is a handsome one, for it is innate in womankind to like anything in jewelry which partakes of the nature of a pendant or bangle.—[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease,

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

ADMIRAL WATSON.

The Man Who Will Relieve Dewey Is an Old Comrade.

In the selection of Rear Admiral John Crittenden Watson, United States Navy, as Admiral Dewey's successor in the command of the Asiatic station, officers of the navy generally agree that Secretary Long has made a particularly happy choice.

Secretary Long himself believes, and says it too, that Rear Admiral Watson is splendidly equipped for his new duty, and that officer goes to Manila carrying the confidence of the President, the Secretary of the Navy and every subordinate official of the Navy Department. A fighter from the drop of the hat, of careful judgment, of firm determination, a strict disciplinarian, but withal a modest, Christian gentleman—such is the man who goes to Manila to perform the hardest task of his life—to fill the shoes that Admiral Dewey has worn to the highest satisfaction of the American people.

Can he do it? The navy answers "Yes!" and there is no one who would reply in the affirmative more heartily than Admiral Dewey himself. Rear Admiral Watson's confidence in his ability to cope with the situation and his desire to be where danger and duty lie are shown by his application, made months ago, to be assigned to duty as commander-in-chief of the Asiatic squadron when Admiral Dewey returned home.

Rear Admiral Watson is no stranger to Admiral Dewey. Their acquaintance began at the Naval Academy and ripened in battle. Dewey entered the academy September 23, 1854, and remained until 1858. Two years after Dewey entered Watson came and remained at the academy until 1860. For two years, therefore, Midshipman Dewey and Midshipman Watson lived together within the academy grounds. And together they fought in one cause during the civil war, though Dewey came from Vermont and Watson from Kentucky. On different vessels both participated in the Port Hudson engagements of March, 1863, and they were shipmates four years later on board the Colorado, flagship of the European squadron, of which Lieutenant Commander Dewey was the executive and Lieutenant Watson the navigating officer. Since that time, while they have never been on duty on the same ship, they have come in contact frequently and enjoy the most friendly relations.

John Crittenden Watson and Rear Admiral Watson are two different characters, except in respect to modesty and gentlemanliness, which grace the man and the officer. Personally, Rear Admiral Watson is a genial, lovable man, a straight-laced Presbyterian, however, and a devout believer in the efficacy of prayer. It is recalled of him that when the Colorado was at Nice, 32 years ago, Lieutenant Watson obtained special leave for himself and one of the midshipmen attached to the ship, who happens to be Captain F. W. Dickins, assistant to the chief of the bureau of navigation, and called upon a French Huguenot family, to attend a prayer meeting.

His cruise of the Colorado furnishes an instance of his guiblessness and confidence in human nature which has been a matter of pleasant reminiscence to the survivors of the dozen midshipmen then on board that vessel. Shortly before noon it was the custom for Lieutenant Watson to call the youngsters on deck and direct them to take meridian observations.

"Stand by!" he would say. "Mark!" and each midshipman would take the altitude at the same instant. The youngsters grew tired, however, of agreeing with their senior so often and determined to announce the time a few minutes later than did Lieutenant Watson, though just as the sun crossed the meridian they would report correctly.

Poor lieutenant! As each "middy" announced his observation, agreeing with his classmate, but different from that given by Lieutenant Watson, the latter would scratch his head, look at his sextant, declare it was out of order, tinker with it for a few minutes, and proceed with another observation. As the sun crossed the meridian, however, the observation would agree and the sextant was the subject of another close and puzzling inspection on the part of the man who succeeds Dewey.

Rear Admiral Watson enjoys the distinction of being one of the men who lashed Farragut to the rigging of the Hartford during the battle of Mobile bay. As flag lieutenant of the gallant admiral, he displayed coolness and judgment and a fighting ability specially mentioned by Farragut as worthy of the descendant of John Jay Crittenden of Kentucky. His conduct at Mobile bay, however, was but a repetition of the gallantry displayed during the bombardment and passage of Forts Jackson and St. Philip and Chalmette batteries, in April, 1862; the passage of Vicksburg batteries, in June and July, 1862; the passage of Port Hudson, March 14, 1863, and the passage of Grand Gulf, March 19 and 30, 1863. As a memento of the Rebellion he was wounded by a fragment of a shell from a rebel battery at Warrenton.

While at Mare Island, in command of the yard, Rear Admiral Watson superintended the removal of the shoe of the sternpost of the Hartford, the ship on which he served during the civil war. In accordance with his instructions, the shoe was placed near the commandant's house, and two of the Hartford's old guns were mounted in position near by.

Rear Admiral Watson's work during the war with Spain especially marked him for favor with the present administration. Without a murmur he consented to serve under his junior, Rear Admiral Sampson, being assigned to special duty with the North Atlantic squadron, April 23, 1898. He was assigned to command the first squadron of the North Atlantic fleet June 21, and subsequently transferred to the Eastern squadron. His ability showed itself while he was in command of the blockading squadron. He was constantly on duty, energetic and careful, and won for himself the deserved commendation of the President and the Navy Department.

When the government decided to send a fleet to the coast of Spain Commodore Watson was selected to command it. This demonstration, however, proved unnecessary, as the war ended.—[New York Herald.

J. M. K. SOUTHWICK,
Housefurnishing Goods.

Stoves, Furnaces, Ranges, Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Workers, Wooden Ware, Brooms and Brushes.

All kinds of Fishing and Sporting Tackle. Netting of every description for Fishing, Fruit, Poultry or Lawn Tennis, Cordage, Twine, Duck, Hunting, Yacht and Boat Galvanized and Brass Hardware, Blocks, Oars, Lanterns, Compasses. Tennis Netting put up at shortest notice.

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Agent for Plymouth Cordage Co., Hazard Powder Co.
U. S. Charts and Other Publications.
185 Thames Street.

The Allen,
139 THAMES STREET.
D. B. & J. T. ALLEN.

VOICES OF THE NIGHT.

(A la "Star Spangled Banner.")

O say, can you see, by the lamp's early light,
What so greatly we dread at the cool evening hours,
The mosquitoes, the beetles, and millers so white,
That disturb, vex and menace in coziest bowers?
The loud buzzing in air, the mosquitoes' fanfare,
Give proof through the night that the insects are there,
Unless every opening is closed with a screen
These pests will continue to be felt and seen.

On the roof, dimly seen, are two felines at bay,
Which a lone ray of light from a window discloses;
With their backs arched they stand, and the night winds convey
The "meows!" and the noise which disturb our reposes.
Now night catches the gleam of their eyes, and they scean
Each Thomas is striving his foe to outscream.

O say, why hurl boomjacks and missiles in vain?
The cats still fight on, though the shoes fall like rain.
And shall it be ever that we must endure
These nocturnal delights (?) that defy rest and slumber?
Is there nothing that can our exemption secure
From pests that annoy without limit or number?
To the millions of gnats, other insects and cats,
That infest the spring nights, let us take off our hats;
Not to fight with as weapons, but for homage due,
For that plan is the best and most peaceful one, too.

—[Minnie Eloise Fox.

FANCIES.

"My love for thee, vexations maid,
(Thine ear art lending?)
Is like Eternity—for it
Can have no ending."

"And mine for thee," she laughing said,
"Beyond all sinning,
Is like Eternity—for it
Hath no beginning."

—[Life.

"By the looks of the house, this piece doesn't seem to be drawing at all well."
"Why should it? There isn't an artist in it."—[Brooklyn Life.

"So they finally froze Johnson out of the country did they?"
"Yes. And I never saw a hotter man in all my life."—[Indianapolis Journal.

First street waif—She died from eating too much ice cream.
Second street waif (taking a last look)—No wonder she smiles.—[Life.

The first big Dewey dinner is to cost $100 a plate. This leads to the suspicion that the meal is to be served off Harveyized armor plate—[Pittsburg Times.

Snodgrass—The world has a place for everybody.
Mizawber—Yes; the only trouble is, there's genetally somebody else in it.—[Tit-Bits.

"The anti-trust movement is spreading in all parts of the country."
"Yes," sadly replied Slimpurse, "my tailor has caught the fever."—[Columbus (Ohio) State Journal.

"I told her the fortune teller said I would marry soon."
"How did she take that?"
"She said she would say a good word for me to any girl I might pick out."—[Chicago Tribune.

"In this passage, brethren," said the Rev. Dr. Sixthly, closing the volume, "Paul suggests somewhat obscurely the great doctrine of the general resurrection. Let us see if we cannot bring it out a little more clearly." The good doctor then proceeded to show wherein Paul had failed to grasp the real idea.—[Chicago Tribune.

One hot summer's day a gentleman who was waiting for his train at one of our country stations asked a porter who was lying on one of the seats where the station-master lived, and the porter lazily pointed in the house with his foot. The gentleman very much shocked at the man's laziness, said: "If you can show me a lazier action than that, my good man, I'll give you two-and-sixpence." The porter, not moving an inch, replied: "Put it in my pocket, guv'nor."—[Tit-Bits.

A man is known by the promises he keeps.—[Life.

COAL AND WOOD.

Pea Brush,
For Sweet Peas, etc.

COAL, WOOD and KINDLINGS.

PINNIGER & MANCHESTER,
Perry Mill Wharf. 341 Thames St.

Lorberry Stove Coal.
BARGE LOAD OF FRESH MINED
Lorberry Coal.
ALSO CARGO
Pittston White Ash
CHESTNUT.
FOR SALE BY
GARDINER B. REYNOLDS CO.,
OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

ANOTHER SCHOONER LOAD OF
Plymouth Coal,
ALL SIZES.
ALSO NICE LOT OF
No. 2 CHESTNUT.
—AT—
SAMWAYS, 113 Long Wharf.

H. J. Hass's
IS THE PLACE FOR ALL KINDS OF
Fresh Cut Flowers and Plants.
FUNERAL AND WEDDING WORK A SPECIALTY.
PRICES VERY LOW.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED
234 THAMES STREET.
TELEPHONE CONNECTION.

Shawknit
is a name which stands for the highest grades in men's
STOCKINGS
NEWPORT ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.
208 THAMES ST. 208

GROCERIES.

Cigar Sale!
—AT—
D. E. YOUNG'S,
130 Thames Street.

Spanish Lily, box of 50 cigars, $2.50; former price $3.25. La Sentencia, box of 50 cigars, $1.50; former price $2.50. Key West Favorite, box of 50 cigars, $1; former price $1.75. Spanish Beauty, box of 50 cigars, $1; former price $1.75. Sanford's Best, box of 50 cigars, $1; former price $1.75; Imported Leaf, box of 50 cigars, 60c.; former price $1. Pearl Beauty, box of 50 cigars, 60c.; former price $1.

Also a full line of
CHOICE GROCERIES, MEATS AND PROVISIONS.
My motto—"I Defy Competition."

Meats
—AND—
Groceries.
Phil. Stevens,
48 & 50 Thames St.

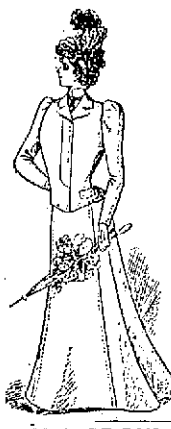
Thousands of Shirt Waists!
OUR LUCK. YOUR LUCK.

We have been fortunate in securing a tremendous quantity of shirt waists at our own price and we guarantee the best waist for your money.

49c. gives you a choice of 2,000 shirt waists, usually sold at and worth 75c.

3,000 SHIRT WAISTS Of unapproachable value, and this fortunate purchase enables us to beat all competitors at these prices: 59c., 75c., 89c. 98c., $1.25, $1.49, $1.75 and $1.98.

WHITE WAISTS, Pretty combinations of lace, insertion and tucks, at 98c., $1.25, $1.49, $1.75 and $2.25.



500 OUTING SUITS,
Including new styles added everyday, gives way ahead the largest selection in this part of the country. $5.90, $7.50, $8.98, $9.50, $10.75, $12.50 to $25.

CAR FARE PAID To purchasers of $5 and over.

600 LADIES' JACKETS, black, tans, blues, and prices reduced to $3.50, $4.98, $5.75, $6.75, $7.50.

350 Misses' Jackets, the best values in the market, at $3.50, $4.75, $5.50, $6.98.
Silk Waists, $2.98, $3.49 and up.
Dress Skirts---98c., $1.25 to $12.75.

NEW YORK
Cloak and Suit Co.,
291 SOUTH MAIN STREET.
FALL RIVER.

$1.95 BUYS A $3.50 SUIT
2,000 CELEBRATED "SANTO CAIDET" double seat and double knee. Regular $3.50 Boys' 3-Piece Knee-Pant Suits going at $1.95.
A NEW SUIT FREE for any of these suits which don't give satisfactory wear.
Send No Money. Cut this Ad. out and send to us, state age of boy and say whether large or small for age, and we will send you the suit by express, C.O.D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your express office and if found perfectly satisfactory and equal to suits sold in your town for $3.50, pay your express agent our special offer price, $1.95 and express charges.
THREE KNEE PANT SUITS are for boys from 4 to 15 years of age, and are retailed everywhere at $3.50. Made with double seat and knees, latest 1899 style as illustrated made from a special wear-resisting, heavy weight, ALL WOOL Indigo Blue Cheviot, neat, handsome pattern, fine serge lining, Cheviot patent interlining, padding, stay ing and reinforcing, silk and linen sewing, the finest suit throughout, a suit any boy or parent would be proud of. FOR BEST TRADE SUITS of Boys' Clothing (suits, overcoats or ulsters), for boys 4 TO 19 YEARS, write for Sample Book No. 90C, containing fashion plates, tape measure and full instructions how to order.
Men's Suits and Overcoats made to order from $5.00 up. Sample book free on application. Address, MONTGOMERY & CO. (Inc.), Chicago, Ill.

For the Cheapest and Most Desirable
AWNINGS
—TRY—
Wilmarth, 174 Bellevue Avenue.
Telephone 269-3.

GROCERIES.

Mustered Out.

We have mustered out our entire stock of canned goods and shall mark them at prices that are sure to interest the thrifty housewife.

It is our custom to clear our shelves of these goods every year, that we may have no left-overs when the new pack arrives.

Watch this space for prices.

The Boston Grocery,
Smith Building, Broadway.
O. F. WILCOX, PROP'R.

Some people are not particular about having good
POTATOES,
But if you want the best I have them for
$1.10 per bushel.

Only one more Columbia Chainless bicycle, to be given away May 31.
A coupon ticket with every 50c. purchase.

JAMES A. EDDY,
Cash Grocery and Market.
250 Thames Street
TELEPHONE NO. 110.

Established 1814.
JUST RECEIVED.
Smithfield, Virginia, Hams and Bacon.
Bar le Duc Jelly.
VIOLET AMMONIA.
UNEEDA BISCUIT.
P. E. Sharpless Philadelphia Butter
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
C. SHERMAN & CO.,
243 & 245 Thames Street.
Telephone 351-2.

New Diamond Creamery
BUTTER,
25 cents a pound.
NOTHING BETTER.
UNEEDA BISCUIT.
WE HAVE THEM.
Peckham & Manchester,
BROADWAY.

JOHN E. WATSON,
DEALER IN
Choice Family Groceries.
Teas, Coffee, Spices,
FLOUR, MOLASSES, HAMS, Etc.
Narragansett Avenue,
JAMESTOWN, R.

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS AND THE NEWPORT JOURNAL.
T. T. PITMAN, PROPRIETOR.
Office, 207 Thames Street.
News, $6.00 a year. Journal, $2.00.

TELEPHONE CALLS.
Business Office, down stairs, 17-2.
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms, up stairs, 17-3.
Publisher's Residence, 24 High Street, 322-4.

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent anywhere in the United States, postage paid, for $2 a year in advance. Requests for change of address should give old address as well as the new.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements, without special position, $1 a square for the first insertion and 25 cents for each continuance. Ten lines, or less, nonpariel type (or five-sixths of an inch) make a square. Advertisements of five lines or less are taken at about one-half these rates. A discount is allowed on all advertisements ordered in the Daily for more than one week, or when both papers are used.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week, and are allowed twenty-five changes a year. Electrotypes will be used without extra charge if solid metal; "wood backs" cannot be used with safety to the press.

Advertisers using both the daily and weekly papers gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

PRINTING.

The News has six steam presses and has a large and well-appointed job printing office.

Newport Daily News

WEDNESDAY, MAY 17, 1899.

WHOSE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY?

It is no unusual thing to hear the anti-expansionists charging all the responsibilities of the war upon the present administration. They forget that the President pleaded to the last moment that Congress should take no action looking to a disruption with Spain, which of course was the precursor of all the troubles in the Philippines. When the war began it was natural that our navy should proceed in eastern waters as well as in western, and Admiral Dewey was instructed to cooperate in that direction. Up to this time no one thought of attempting the subjugation of the Malay islands, not even the naval officers themselves, and much less our people at home. The circumstances, however, became such that it was impracticable to leave the natives in their demoralized condition and do justice to our flag and to ourselves without lending as it seemed to us, a helping hand towards saving them from further Spanish atrocities. All our first movements were in the direction of assisting the natives, instead of subduing and bringing them under our control. This appears to be a fact sometimes overlooked in the discussions going on, and one might think it quite possible that we had sent out a navy and a military escort sufficient to do the work of subjugation, and for that express purpose.

But the fact remains that the natives, under the leadership of Aguinaldo, made the first attacks upon our representatives in that country. We were not the aggressors at all, and had it not been for the cheating and lying of the now rebel chief, no harm, at least in the line of bloody war, would have come to them or us. Admiral Dewey was at the head of affairs, and he is certainly not a blood-thirsty man seeking for gore, but quite the reverse. It became necessary for him to lower the flag and sail away under the influences brought to bear, or to maintain the honor and the glory of the Stars and Stripes to the last. The latter he chose to do, and has continued to do, up to the present time.

Mr. G. W. Peters, a correspondent of Harper's Weekly, which journal is opposed to the policy of expansion, gives an account of the original outbreak, showing that it was most carefully planned by the insurgents, and that the recruits in Aguinaldo's army were promised "all the American heads they could carry home." Mr. Peters as a prisoner in Caloocan had an opportunity of watching the proceedings, and so of knowing whereof he affirms. From his prison window he saw the natives assemble, armed and drilled, previous to the outbreak, while it was yet supposed that peaceable matters might be continued. Later he saw them at close range, scores of the savages painted in various colors, some of which proved themselves into his cell and illustrated their methods of putting prisoners to death. To make the situation impressive, they pierced him with their spears, swung their battle axes so as to graze his neck, and wielded their machetes uncomfortably close to his ears. They would have undoubtedly killed him, had it not been for the opportune arrival of their captain, who pacified them by promising plenty of Americans to torture within a few days. All this occurred four days before the outbreak of the insurgents, and before the commencement of hostilities on our part. The burden of responsibility, therefore, rests not upon President McKinley or the present administration, but upon Aguinaldo, and the friends whom he has gathered around him.

These are the men who are declared sufficiently civilized to govern themselves and over whom so many tears are shed by the anti-expansionists, because they are not permitted to do so. It is evident from the picture that has been drawn by Mr. Peters that they are no better qualified, so far as the great majority is concerned, than are the Cubans or the American Indians for self-government along modern lines. It was a sorry day for us when the responsibility fell to us, but we could scarcely fail to meet the demands.

CHARLES ACTON IVES.

The sudden death of Charles Acton Ives was not only a shock to his fellow-citizens but spread a gloom over the entire community. Apparently in the full tide of his accustomed health and vigor, he passed at once from time to eternity without suffering or prolonged sorrow. But a few hours before, he was in the Daily News office, which he made a place of frequent resort, and where he was accustomed to meet many friends and acquaintances, and was always welcome. He occasionally wrote for our columns, but with characteristic modesty always declined to be known, though few men among us could express themselves more happily and forcibly than he. He always stood for good government in both the city and the state, but was never what might be called, in the ordinary sense, a politician, and scarcely ever held or sought an office outside the work of his profession.

A brother lawyer, in a communication to the News, so fully characterizes Mr. Ives as an attorney at law and has pointed out the dominant features of his character so clearly and truthfully as to leave but little to be said in addition, and the reporters have done, we believe, full justice to his life work since he has been among us. He was ambitious, brave, persistent and honest in what he did, and the mystery of Divine Providence in thus closing his earthly career is unsearchable and past finding out.

The whole community will have the profoundest sympathy for Mrs. Ives, who so little thought that when her husband went out of her presence, perhaps for an hour, the home coming would be so sad.

MERRITT ON ALGER.

And now it appears that General Merritt did not say that Secretary Alger was the best Secretary of War the world has ever seen. It seems strange that a man usually regarded so level-headed as Merritt should have indulged in any such language as was imputed to him, and we are glad to set him right, by quoting from his Detroit speech as reported in the Free Press of that city:

"During the administration of the civil war no secretary was more outraged than Secretary Stanton, and he came out in triumph. We have another Secretary of War who has made fewer mistakes and perhaps been more abused. I am glad to bear testimony at his home in favor of Secretary Alger. He has done nobly. He had bureaus under his control not so well fitted as they might have been, but the administration has come through it all to the satisfaction of all except a few malcontents. He has a right to all the admiration that his neighbors give him."

This was doing well by an officer whom he once dismissed from the service for absence without authority, and it was far from saying that "Alger was the best Secretary of War the world has ever seen."

A SOILED MUNICIPAL REPUTATION.

The city of Denver is becoming a sort of Mecca for prize fighters and gamblers. And if reports are true it is none too strong language which one of the western newspapers employs when it says:

"The Denver city administration has disgraced that place in the estimation of the public and it has betrayed the people who put it in power. The present city officials were elected with the understanding that laws against gambling were to be enforced. But there are many loose screws in the Colorado political structure and the fact that civilization and decency stand any show whatever out there is perhaps due to chance more than anything else. The only encouraging thing about the determination to make Denver a sort of rough-and-tumble Monte Carlo is that a Chicago firm has secured a monopoly of the gambling privileges and may succeed in bring away some of the blacklegs who are now hanging around this city."

There was a lively time before the Maine committee yesterday when Mayor Van Wyck was called as a witness. In response to questions that appeared to reflect on his integrity or political straightforwardness, the mayor grew very choleric and disclaimed all knowledge of anything out of the way; but confessed that he had made some appointments on the bi-partisan commissions because it was understood that the candidates had been selected by Thomas C. Platt, the boss of the Republican party. When he was excused he was politely informed by the counsel that he would be called again in the near future.

They have curious ideas of amusement in some sections of the country. According to reports, the chief of police of Chattanooga recently entertained visitors by giving them a specimen of man-hunting. A negro was hired to be the victim and was given 15 minutes' start over a pack of bloodhounds. This might do very well if one were disposed to show the enormities of the old slave system and recall the days of the past, when such things were done in earnest, but the less that is said about such transactions of this kind in this day the better.

It is not long since steel rails and other articles of manufacture in that line were exported to Europe and even to England. Now the tide appears to be setting the other way, and many people are making considerable ado over the fact that Boston is importing rails from Great Britain, simply because they can be obtained at less price. We see no help for this unless Congress imposes a higher tariff in the interest of the great steel and iron trust.

Andrew Carnegie, it is said, receives a daily mail of 3,000 begging letters, asking for the endowment of colleges, asylums and churches, and the loan of money "to the undersigned," who has met with misfortune in one way or another. It is no wonder that Mr. Carnegie is taking himself out of the country and has fled to the Scotch hills.

Some of the Chicago newspapers are thinking the people are making too much ado over the return of Admiral Dewey. Had he come by way of San Francisco the case would have been immeasurably worse, and that is probably why the admiral kept clear of that course.

A tornado, cyclone, or whatever it may be called, has been sweeping through portions of Michigan and Ohio, and more than 40 houses have been laid low, with all that such a catastrophe implies. The tornado season has opened early this year.

If it is decided to build a house for Admiral Dewey, the money can be subscribed within five minutes of the opening of the books, notice having been given in advance. Everybody wants the admiral to be at home on land as well as on sea.

LOAN ASSOCIATIONS A PUBLIC BENEFIT.

There are 321 building and loan associations in Cincinnati. In a paper on what they have done for the city Dr. Oscar B. Todhunter says: "Prominent among the benefits stands the fact that this great home-making system has done more than all other agencies to prevent and overcome the evils of landlordism and the tenement house system. I need not dwell upon this proposition, but simply point to the fact that Cincinnati, more than almost any other city of its size, is free from the social and sanitary evils and horrors that prevail in this connection in so many populous communities. Again, the associations keep vast sums of money at home. Under the laws of the state and the rules of the associations, their funds must be invested upon real estate securities, usually in Hamilton county. This is better in every way for the city and county than if these great sums of money were drafted out of the community to be sent away for investments in bonds and stocks, through savings banks, individual investments, insurance, etc. Moreover, the associations keep the money in active circulation. Their members under the rules must pay in their dues regularly, and the funds are loaned as fast as accumulated. This great volume of money is thus kept moving, which might otherwise be hoarded or sequestered.

Cincinnati has an enviable reputation for the financial stability of her institutions. She has passed through the recent period of widespread financial wreck and industrial disaster with a better record than almost any other city. It has been already noted that the effect of the building and loan operations is to keep the money of a community at home and in local circulation. In so doing the associations are constant feeders for the banks, for under the Ohio law receipts of building associations must be deposited in banks. They also serve as a buffer for the protection of the banks. In times of panic banks must, from the nature of their business, hoard money in their vaults so as to protect their depositors. This takes money out of circulation and increases the stringency. The building associations, on the contrary, by their system of compulsory periodical payments, gather up money from people who would otherwise hoard it at home, where it would be absolutely idle. This keeps it out of the old stockings and in circulation.

As already noted, the associations must deposit their receipts in banks. But association money is paid out again almost immediately on loans or withdrawals. Thus this vast volume of money is kept moving through the banks even in times of the greatest stagnation. It should be remembered, also, that much the larger part of building and loan money is collected from a class of people who neither would nor could carry individual bank accounts; but their many individual savings, when aggregated and turned into the banks, add largely to their volume of business. This idle money, thus gathered up, loaned out, and usefully invested, increases business activity in the community and makes a greater margin of general prosperity, and also increases the business of the banks in both loans and deposits.

HELEN KELLER AS A CHILD.

Helen Keller lost her sight and hearing as the result of convulsions following an attack of extreme indigestion at the age of about 18 months. She had not learned to talk at all at that age. When she was about six years old her parents began to cast about for some means for her instruction. Through a friend at Washington her case became known to Dr. Alexander Graham Bell, and it was by his recommendation that Mr. Anagnos, the director of the Perkins Institution at South Boston, was asked to send a teacher for her to Tuscumbia.

Mr. Anagnos sent Miss Annie Mansfield Sullivan. The means which Miss Sullivan employed in instructing Helen consisted in associating a group of simple manual signs made on the pupil's hand by the teacher and certain raised cards, with certain familiar objects—that is to say, Miss Sullivan brought an object (as, for instance, water) to Helen's knowledge by contact, and at the same moment spelled the word "water" with the manual alphabet on her hand.

This was all the most incomprehensible mummery to the child, and while she did as she was made to do, she discovered no significance in it. Indeed, she resisted it occasionally with hands, feet and teeth, for at that period Helen Keller, since so gentle, amiable and scrupulously unassertive, was anything but amiable. She fought against everything she did not want and for everything she wanted. Her ordinary means of attracting attention to her wants was by more or less violent kicking.

Helen has often told the story of the dawning upon her of the fact of communication. She was one day pumping water at the well—an operation which sometimes employed her restless but blind and uncomprehending childish energies. Miss Sullivan was at her side as usual; she watched her night and day for the dawning of the instant of comprehension, dominating the rebellious child's every movement, bearing in upon her with an untiring determination the word which was to unlock the world to her. Suddenly, as the water poured out at the spot, Helen stopped pumping, and a light came into her face which no one had ever seen there before. Then she thrust her hands into the water and eagerly grasped her teacher's hands, and over, and over again made, rudely, the manual sign which signifies "water." Her sudden eagerness showed that the word had come.

Miss Sullivan took the child in her arms, hugging her, kissing her and patting her joyfully. Then Helen knelt on the earth, slapped the ground with both her hands, rose and seized Miss Sullivan's hands inquiringly. What was the sign of that? Miss Sullivan made it and Helen repeated it excitedly. She seized the pump and again clasped the teacher's hands. The sign for that? So she groped from object to object, demanding to know the word for everything. She went to the house, and plucked her treasured doll to pieces, presenting its eyes and everything else about it that she could detach for naming.

From this moment everything was easy. The child's nature seemed changed. From literal kicking she passed to docility and tractability. Her eagerness to learn had to be repressed; but she understood and was patient. In a few weeks any one who knew the manual alphabet could communicate rapidly with her.—[Woman's Home Companion.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Situation as chambermaid or take care walking children. Box 44, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A position as governess in private family, by a German lady; graduate of German Kindergarten Training School; 15 years experience in titled families. Address Box 46, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation by middle aged English woman to assist in chamberwork and take care of a child; country preferred. Box 64, Daily News Office.

WANTED—By a young woman, work as first-class cook in private family; best reference given. Address Box 43, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation by good cook, with reference. Address 228 Thames street, over drug store.

WANTED—Situation as first-class waitress. Address 228 Thames street, over drug store.

WANTED—A situation by a trustworthy, competent girl to do chamberwork, sewing or light housework, or take care of child. Can be seen at 36 Church street, between 2 and 4 o'clock.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A young girl to learn dressmaking. Apply at once at 116 Broadway.

WANTED—A young girl to learn dressmaking. Address Box 59, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A first-class cook can find a permanent place by addressing Box 41, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A well-recommended woman to do laundry work. Apply at the Stockton cottage, Bellevue avenue, corner Bellevue court.

WANTED—A capable and experienced waitress. Address (stating full name and address, also place last lived in) Box 20, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A bright, honest boy, 14 to 16 years; one who understands care of horse. Good pay to right party. References required. Call between 7 and 8 P. M., at Lappin's, 145 Thames street.

WANTED—For general housework, a well-recommended white girl, willing to go into the country. Address Box 51, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Two lady agents. Big pay; no capital required. Prof. McKay, 178 Spring street.

WANTED—In the country, near Newport, a woman to assist in housework and do plain sewing; white or colored. Reference from last place required. Wages $14 a month. Address Box 30, Daily News, Office.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Between 63 Broadway and Rhode Island avenue a pocketbook containing a sum of money. Finder will be suitably rewarded on returning it to 63 Broadway (upper bell).

LOST—On the 5th inst., on board the car or steamboat from Wickford Junction to Newport, a release book of the N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. The finder is requested to communicate by mail with J. Tucker, Box 16, North Dartmouth, Mass.

STRAYED—On Sunday evening, May 14, small fox terrier dog, tan and black head, with white stripes on forehead, white body, black tail with white tip. Had on collar with Boston address. Anybody returning him to Swift Cottage will be suitably rewarded.

LOST—Friday night, a marquise ring set with pearls and emeralds. Probably lost in Music hall. Finder will be suitably rewarded upon return to Box 18, Daily News Office.

TENEMENTS, ROOMS AND BOARD.

TO LET—Furnished rooms in private house. Can be used for light housekeeping. Apply at W. W. Marvel's, Harrison avenue.

TO LET—Four-room tenement, 257 Pond avenue, $7.50 per month; city water. Apply William S. Cooper, 11 Mary street.

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms, or one large one. Address Box 32, Daily News Office.

Furnished Rooms to Let

With bath, at 23 Brinley street, with or without board. Prices reasonable.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT at 117 Touro street. Fine, light, airy rooms, newly furnished and in an exceptionally good location, near Bellevue avenue. One suite especially adapted for use of a physician. For terms, etc., call or write to Mrs. F. B. Easton, 117 Touro St., Newport, R. I.

TO LET—Tenement of 6 rooms; rent $9 a month and the water; also small tenement, at $7 a month and the water. Apply at Stevens' Trunk Store, 30 Spring street.

TO LET—For the season, a well furnished cottage of 8 rooms, all improvements, in a very desirable location, with ocean view; or would take family to board. Address Box 47, Daily News Office.

TO LET—Cottage 108 Mill street, with modern improvements, 12 rooms, steam heat. Apply to Miss Hazard, 248 Broadway, between 1 and 2 P. M.

TO LET—Tenement on Broadway; all modern improvements. Apply at Barker Bros. & Co.

TO LET—A. P. Bryant offers his cottage, corner Malbone road and Channing street, for rent, including stable. The cottage has 12 rooms, all modern improvements, concrete cellar, good laundry, hot air latest improved Kelsey furnace, both gas and electric lights; vegetable garden, fine young orchard—pear, apple, plum, cherry and quince trees. Also grape vines, blackberry and raspberry bushes. Rent $400 per year.

TO LET—Two-story house with all modern conveniences. Apply to Abram Alsay, Newport Coal Co., 173 Thames street.

Furnished Rooms to Let,

With or without board. Apply to Mrs. C. Anderson, 22 Prospect Hill street.

NOTICE!

On June 1st, 1899, the business of A. C. Landers will be succeeded by that of A. C. Landers & Son; Mr. William Gould Landers will then have been admitted as a partner. I deem it fitting in making this announcement to accompany it with an expression of my appreciation of the patronage that I have been favored with for the past thirty-three years. And also of the intention of the new firm to do all in its power to insure its continuance in the future, by strict attention to business, prompt delivery and fair prices.

A. C. LANDERS.

Newport, Rhode Island, May 17, 1899.

To Let.

Upper tenement 28 Mann avenue, and Cottage on Kilburn court,
WITH MODERN IMPROVEMENTS.
FRANCIS S., and STEPHEN P. BARKER

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 17, 8 A. M.—For New England—Showers this afternoon and tonight; partly cloudy Thursday; fresh to brisk northeasterly winds.

FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY.

BOSTON, May 17, 8 A. M.—For Boston and vicinity—Generally fair weather tonight; probably fair Thursday; easterly winds.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The area of low pressure has moved slowly eastward, and is central this morning in Wisconsin; lowest barometer 29.80 inches, at Milwaukee. Unsettled weather, with occasional showers and thunder storms, prevails in parts of the Lake regions and cloudiness overspreads a large portion of the central valleys and eastern states. The weather is fair in southern districts and generally clear in states east of the Mississippi river. There is also much sunshine in the West and the upper valleys. Rain has fallen over a large territory during the past twenty-four hours.

JOHN W. SMITH,
Local Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

May 17.	8 h	12 h	14 h
Temperature,	58	62	62
Barometer,	29.88	29.90	29.90
Wind,	N	E	E
Weather,	Clear	Clear	Hazy

Maximum temperature for 24 hours, 62.
Minimum temperature for 24 hours, 48.

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 17.

Sun rises ..... 4 h 21 m
Sun sets ..... 19 h 01 m
Moon sets ..... 0 h 12 m
Length of day ..... 14 h 40 m
Day's increase ..... 5 h 36 m
High water ..... 0 h 56 m; 13 h 40 m

THURSDAY, MAY 18.

Sun rises ..... 4 h 20 m
Sun sets ..... 19 h 02 m
Moon sets ..... 0 h 35 m
Length of day ..... 14 h 42 m
Day's increase ..... 5 h 38 m
High water ..... 1 h 50 m; 14 h 36 m

FRIDAY, MAY 19.

Sun rises ..... 4 h 19 m
Sun sets ..... 19 h 03 m
Moon sets ..... 0 h 58 m
Length of day ..... 14 h 44 m
Day's increase ..... 5 h 40 m
High water ..... 2 h 45 m; 15 h 22 m

SATURDAY, MAY 20.

Sun rises ..... 4 h 18 m
Sun sets ..... 19 h 04 m
Moon sets ..... 1 h 22 m
Length of day ..... 14 h 46 m
Day's increase ..... 5 h 42 m
High water ..... 3 h 36 m; 16 h 06 m

Moon's Phases.

First Quarter, May 17, 12 h 13 m, E.
Full Moon, May 25, 0 h 49 m, W.
Last Quarter, May 31, 17 h 55 m, E.
New Moon, June 8, 1 h 20 m, E.

NEW TODAY.

Wanted—Boy; 4th page.
Lost—Fox Terrier; 4th page.
Lost—Pocketbook; 4th page.
Levy—Shirt Waists; 5th page.
A. C. Landers—Notice; 4th page.
H. H. Carr—New Books; 8th page.
Londonderry Lithia Water; 2d page.
Wanted—First-Class Cook; 4th page.
Wanted—Situation as Cook; 4th page.
Kazanjian & Co.—Rug Sale; 1st page.
H. L. DeBlois—Lawn Mowers; 4th page.
Walsh Bros.—Glenwood Heater; 7th page.
Flower Mission—Annual Meeting; 4th page.
H. A. Heath & Co.—Astigmatism; 5th page.
Wanted—Girl to Learn Dressmaking; 4th page.
Wanted—Woman for Laundry Work; 4th page.
Henry Bull, Jr., Cottage for Sale; 4th page.
Wanted—Situation to do Chamberwork; 4th page.
N.Y. Cloak and Suit Co.—Shirt Waists, etc.; 3d page.

Changes of advertisements should be sent in the night before or early on the day of issue to insure insertion.

FOR SALE.

A Valuable Lot, 40x40 ft.

near Cranston avenue. Any one purchasing now will get a bargain.

HERBERT L. DYER,
1 Travers Block.

Electric Bells,
Burglar Alarms,
Gas and Electric Lighting,
Steam and Hot Water Heating.
Philip F. Conroy,
TELEPHONE 272. 181 THAMES ST.

The cottage house 329 Spring St. is offered for sale.

House has 6 rooms and bath room, hot and cold water and all modern improvements.
Lot contains about 3,000 square feet.
Price asked $3,100.

HENRY BULL, JR.,
Real Estate and Insurance,
197 THAMES STREET.

Broadway Seed Store.

My first invoice of the Gem Lawn Mowers is about gone. I shall have more on Thursday. I also have the Philadelphia, the Stearns Ball Bearing and the High-Class Imperial.
Bring your mower to me to have it sharpened and repaired by a first-class machinist.
I have very fine Pen Brush and all kinds of Bedding plants, such as Pansies, Geraniums, Verbena, Salvia, Carnations, Asters, Zinnias, and Cosmos. Also Window Screens for 15c. and upward. Screen Doors, Hammocks, and all kinds of flower and vegetable seeds.

Harry L. DeBlois, 80 Broadway.

Geneva Bicycles,
Ladies' and Gents', $25 cash.
To see one is to ride one. The finest wheel on the market. Tires from $5 to $8 a pair, put on while you wait. All kinds of repairing, brazing and machine work. Get my prices before you send your work away.
Geo. W. Smith, 103 Thames St.
MACHINIST AND GENERAL JOBBER.

EDWIN T. BANNING,
ARCHITECT,
209 Thames Street.
ROOM 56.

A. O'D. TAYLOR.
REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
HEAD OFFICE IN NEWPORT, R. I., 121 BELLEVUE AVENUE.
BRANCH OFFICE IN JAMESTOWN, ON NARRAGANSETT AVE., 3 MINUTES FROM FERRY LANDING.
Furnished Cottages for Summer.
Lists on application in both Newport and Jamestown, and adjacent country, $250 to $6,000. Admirable quarters procurable at $500 to $1,000. Head Office, 121 Bellevue Ave., Newport. Telephone No. 320.
Office hours: 9 A. M. till 6 P. M.

DIED.

IVES—Suddenly, of heart failure, on Tuesday, May 16th, Charles Acton Ives, only child of the late Malcolm and Clara Thornton Ives, in the forty-third year of his age.
Mass of requiem at St. Joseph's Church, Friday morning, May 19th, at 9:15. Interment at New Bedford private.
KING—In this city, 16th inst., at the residence of her granddaughter, Mrs. William Malone, 4 East court, Catherine, widow of Owen King.
Funeral Thursday, 18th inst., at 8:30 A. M., to St. Joseph's Church at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Columba's Cemetery by train at 11.
ALLEN—In this city, 16th inst., John M. Allen, aged 49 years.
Funeral services at his late residence, 50 Levin street, Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.
CONGDON—In this city, at his late residence, 14th inst., John Congdon, aged 75 years.
Funeral will take place from his late residence, 53 Farewell street, Thursday, at 12:30 noon. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.
Westerly papers please copy.
STUYVESANT—In Providence, 15th inst., Eugene Stuyvesant.
Funeral at Saint Columba Chapel, Middletown, Thursday at 2 o'clock.
WARD—Sunday, April 30, at San Juan, Porto Rico, Constance Marguerite, daughter of Lieutenant Commander Aaron Ward, U. S. N., and Annie Cairns Willis.
SYNNOTT—In Fall River, 15th inst., Michael, son of Mary and the late Michael Synnott, aged 24 years.
DALEY—In Fall River, 14th inst., John T., son of Bridget and the late Owen Daley, aged 12 years.
LEONARD—In Providence, 15th inst., John Leonard, in his 68th year.
WILLIAMS—In Providence, 16th inst., Zephaniah Williams, in his 55th year.
APTEAGHE—In Providence, 15th inst., Peter McTeague, in his 51st year.

ROBERT C. COTTRELL, Undertaker and Embalmer, 322 & 324 Thames street, Residence, 104 Mill street. Telephone at office and residence.

Scrofula, salt rheum and all diseases caused by impure blood are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is America's Greatest Medicine.

Estate on Park Street.

I am instructed to sell for the owner the "Seabury" property on Park street. It comprises a cottage of eight rooms and has gas, city water and is connected with the sewer, and has laundry in the cellar. The lot contains 7,580 sq. ft. of land and has a frontage of 75 ft. on both Park street and Clinton avenue. It is without a very desirable and well arranged house and I shall be pleased to show it to any intending purchaser. Full particulars on application to
SIMEON HAZARD, 91 BROADWAY,
SOLE AGENT.

H. L. Marsh. Howard R. Peckham.
Hay, Grain, Straw, Salt.
Office at Elevator, near Pass. Station
Branch Store, 162 Broadway.

FOR SALE.

Three Carriage Horses
FOR SALE.
One 16 hands and the other two 15.1. Apply to D. J. Murphy, Ogden Farm.

FOR SALE—24-ft. lobster and fishing boat, with noiseless motor and power winch for hauling or dredging; very fast; practically new; no finer boat afloat; at cost. F. W. Morgan, Yacht Builder, Noank, Conn.

FOR SALE.
An Excellent Cottage Site.
Comprising about 4,000 square feet of land, in a desirable neighborhood, near Broadway. Address Box 27, Daily News Office.

FOR SALE—Fine building lot on Gibbs avenue, near Broadway and Bliss road. Apply to Wm. S. Brownell, Daily News Office.

FOR SALE.—Ten R-I-P-A-N'S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

WANTED.—Case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N'S will not benefit. Send 5 cents to Ripan's Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

CONFECTIONERY.

—AT— FRASCH'S
You will find a full assortment of plain and fancy
Candies, Chocolates and BonBons,
At prices to suit every purchaser of a good and wholesome article.
Our Broken Candy at 15c. a lb., two lbs. for 25c.
Our Mixed CHOCOLATES at 25c. lb. are well known.
We take special pride in putting nothing of ore the public that is not made of the best and purest that can be purchased.
CHAS. F. FRASCH, CONFECTIONER, 170 Thames St
Established 1865.

WOVEN WIRE BED SPRINGS.

For sale—50 woven wire bed springs, will be sold in lots to suit purchasers at $1.50 each.
These springs have three rows of spirals running through centre and are in first class order. Address Box 15, Daily News Office.

THE STAR OF MYSTERY,
Prof. S. TURNER,
Celebrated
Clairvoyant and Trance Medium,
Is now located at
18 JOHN STREET, NEAR CORNER SPRING.
And may be consulted upon all matters of business, speculation, law suits, insurance, love, courtship, marriages, divorces, in fact everything pertaining to your welfare. All business sacred and strictly confidential.
Hours 10 A. M. to 9 P. M.

"The Thorn Comes Forth With Point Forward."

The thorn point of disease is an ache or pain. But the blood is the feeder of the whole body. Purify it with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Kidneys, liver and stomach will at once respond? No thorn in this point.

Blood Poisoning—"The surgeon said when he took out the brass shell received in wound at San Juan Hill two weeks before, that it would have poisoned me if it had not been for my pure blood. I told him it was Hood's Sarsaparilla that made it pure." GEORGE P. COOPER, Co. G, 25th U. S. Inf., Washington Barracks, Washington, D. C.

Rheumatism—"Myself and a friend both suffered from severe attacks of rheumatism. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured both. We would not be without it." WM. H. LESTER, 65 Leonard St., Fall River, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

FLOWER MISSION.

The annual meeting of the Flower Mission will be held at the residence of Mrs. C. A. Brackett, 102 Touro street, Friday, May 19, from 4 to 6 P. M. Besides the transaction of the usual business, a program of choice music will be rendered and there will be cake and candy for sale.

Cottage for Sale,

In full view of the OCEAN.
Suitable for either winter or summer residence.
House unusually well built.
Will sell at a very low price, although IT IS VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY.
APPLY TO
R. C. DERBY,
138 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

COMING OF THE FLEET.

Governor Dyer Asks for Action by the General Assembly.

[Special despatch to the News.]

PROVIDENCE, May 17.—There was a large attendance at the General Assembly today, in view of the reception to be given the members by Governor Dyer at his residence at the close of the session. Not much business of importance was transacted in either branch.

In the senate the judiciary committee reported back the act regulating caucuses in Providence and Pawtucket, and it was referred to the committee on engrossed acts.

Also, the act allowing city and town councils to issue licenses to peddlers. Passed in concurrence.

Governor Dyer presented a communication regarding the arrival of Admiral Sampson's fleet, asking that appropriate action be taken by the legislature. On motion of Mr. Horton the communication was read and sent immediately to the house.

Mr. Freeman introduced a resolution to incorporate the Rhode Island Sunday School Association. Referred to the committee on education.

Mr. Price introduced a resolution amending the charter of the Sea View Railroad Company, extending the time for its completion two years. Referred to the committee on corporations.

In the house the judiciary committee reported back the act providing increased penalties for poultry stealing. Placed on the calendar.

The committee on militia reported back the act placing C. H. Barney on the retired list of the militia, and it was passed.

The special order for the day occupied most of the remainder of the session. It was the act restricting the hours of labors of street railway employes to 10, and after a long discussion it was indefinitely postponed, as recommended by the committee on special legislation.

At the close of the session the members went in large numbers to Governor Dyer's residence, to attend the reception given to the members of the General Assembly and state officials.

Named for Municipal Judges in Boston.

BOSTON, May 17.—At a meeting of the executive council today, Governor Wolcott submitted the following nominations: John A. Bennett of Boston and William Sullivan of Boston, to be associate justices of the municipal court of this city.

Struck for a Dollar a Week More.

PEABODY, Mass., May 17.—Twenty-five glazing machine operatives at the morocco factory of Patrick Lennox & Co. here refused to go to work today, in support of a demand for an increase in wages from $8 to $9 per week. The manufacturer says he is confident that new men can be secured to take the places of the strikers.

Two More Regiments Mustered Out.

SAVANNAH, Ga., May 17.—The Thirty-first Michigan, Colonel Cornelius Gardiner, was mustered out here today. The officers were presented with a loving cup by members of the First Georgia, with which the Michigan regiment was brigaded one year ago. The Thirty-first was the last regiment here, and Camp Onward is a thing of the past.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 17.—The third engineers, Colonel David D. Gaillard, was mustered out of service at Fort McPherson today. The regiment was made up of recruits from all parts of the country, but most of them came from St. Louis and Washington.

Suicide Did Not Void His Insurance.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 17.—United States Judges Gilbert, Ross and Morrow, sitting as a circuit court of appeals, have handed down an opinion in the case of Lillian H. Beck vs. the Supreme Lodge of Knights of Pythias. The plaintiff is the widow of Frank E. Beck, a member of the endowment rank, who committed suicide. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict of suicide while temporarily insane, and the order refused to pay the policy. The widow brought suit and got judgment for $3,000. The court of appeals affirms the judgment of the lower court.

President Harrison Sails for England.

NEW YORK, May 17.—Former President Harrison sailed on the St. Paul for England today, where he goes as chief counsel for Venezuela in the boundary arbitration proceedings.

Will Organize the Massachusetts Socialist-Democrats.

ROCKLAND, Mass., May 17.—Rev. Frederick O. MacCartney has tendered his resignation as pastor of the Unitarian church of this town, having accepted an offer to become the state organizer of the Socialist-Democratic party of Massachusetts. He resigns in order to devote his whole time to the new work, on which he will enter July 15.

EARL OF STRAFFORD DEAD.

Killed by an Express Train Last Evening in England.

LONDON, May 17.—Particulars regarding the death of the Earl of Strafford, who was married last December to Mrs. Samuel J. Colgate of New York, and who was run over and killed by the Cambridge express yesterday evening at Potters Bar, Hertfordshire, while returning from Wrentham Park, near Barnet, his country seat, seem to show that he either fainted and fell in front of the express or was swept off the platform by the protection portion of the engine.

The earl and countess had been residing at No. 3 St. James Square for weeks past, the earl being engaged in duties in connection with the royal household. He acted as special equerry-in-waiting on Queen Victoria's return to Windsor, and went to his country seat yesterday afternoon for the purpose of inspecting the arrangements for the approaching visit of the countess and himself to Wrentham Park. The earl returned to Potters Bar station at 6 o'clock, to catch the train bound for London. He was last seen leisurely pacing up and down the end of the platform. The Cambridge express dashed through the station at 6:30 p. m., and a few minutes later the mangled body of the earl was found on the track, about 50 yards outside the depot. No one saw the accident. The body was identified by a coronet and the letter "S" marked on his apparel.

The family of the deceased was immediately advised, and the countess, who attended the queen's drawing-room at Buckingham Palace yesterday, hurried to Potters Bar and stayed with the body at the railroad station hotel all night long, in company with the deceased's half-sister, Lady Susan Byng; his daughter, Lady Mary Byng, and Rev. Francis Edmund Byng, his brother. The countess is prostrated with grief.

To Welcome the Raleigh to Portsmouth.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., May 17.—Plans have been perfected for welcoming cruiser Raleigh on her arrival at this port, whither she is bound for repairs. It is expected that she will reach here Saturday. Governor Rollins will be in the city to welcome Captain Coghlan and the men of the cruiser to New Hampshire. The mayor will extend the greeting of the city and a reception by citizens will be given to the officers and crew. Later a banquet will be given to the Raleigh's officers.

Four Buffalo Elevators Running.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 17.—The situation on the docks was unchanged this morning. Four elevators were working. The freight handlers were moving freight, but the coal and ore docks were practically idle.

Heirs of a Lynched Man Have a Right of Action for Damages.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 17.—Judge J. H. Baker of the United States district court has rendered a decision in which he holds that the heirs of Marion Tyler, who was lynched at Scottsburg several months ago, have a right of action for damages against the sheriff of the county and his boudsmen. The case, which is for $25,000 damages, is expected to come to trial in about a month.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Fishing steamer Alaska is hauled out at Crowley's yard.

—Miss Julia V. McGillicuddy returned today from a visit to Boston.

—The Ocean drive free delivery was reopened Monday. The carrier is Mr. J. W. Spingler.

—Dr. Davis's sloop yacht Ite was launched for the season today. She is yet to be fitted out.

—Edward H. Crandall has been sent to the Providence county jail on a charge of wife beating.

—Daniel J. Coffey, arrested for violating the screen law a week ago, has retracted his plea of not guilty, and pleading guilty was fined $20 and costs.

—Mrs. Stewart Cornelius of Hempstead, Long Island, and Mrs. Joseph Barlow of New York are guests of their father, Mr. W. H. Barlow, on Coddington street.

—About 25 couples attended the dance at the new Miantonomoh Golf Club at the town hall, Middletown, last night. The H. K. Howard orchestra played and a collation was served.

—Fourteen carloads of stone for the Van Zandt Avenue bridge arrived today. They were part of an extra of 35 cars sent here with freight that could not get on the regular train.

—Mr. Burnham's sloop yacht Norota, which wintered at Long wharf, has been hauled to the lower harbor to fit out for the season. Mr. F. P. Sands's sloop yacht Daffodil, which was not in commission last year, has gone to her usual anchorage to fit out for the season.

—After the local shippers of fish had come to an agreement to curtail the shipment, those who ship from Stonington put in so much fish as to again knock the bottom out of the market, and prices dropped to $2 a barrel, or one cent a pound, in New York, and $3 in Philadelphia. The Stonington shippers were yesterday seen, and in self-defense agreed to come into the combination and ship only their proportion of the amount the market needs, so as to maintain a fair price.

—Rev. Gilbert W. Laidlaw of Fall River, who is to preach the sermon at the missionary service of the Newport Convocation, at Trinity Church this evening, has recently been called to succeed Rev. Dr. Hall at Middleboro, Mass.

—The Lawrence Club of St. James Protestant Episcopal parish, New Bedford, has chartered steamer Gay Head to make an excursion to this city Memorial day, to see the North Atlantic fleet and the celebration here. This is the first excursion announced for that day.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mrs. R. J. Arnold and Miss Arnold were in town today.

Mrs. H. S. Eustis has arrived at her cottage for the summer.

Dr. Bates of Providence has rented three cottages at Conanicut Park, Mrs. R. J. Arnold's, Mrs. W. B. Werden's and Mrs. James Young's.

Mr. Wilton C. Hall has rented his cottage to Mr. Charles Beach of Providence.

The tax assessors are viewing property to make a list of the taxable estates.

General F. V. Greene's family will arrive the latter part of this week.

Mr. C. T. Knowles's gasoline, which came so near causing a serious blaze in Newport, was brought here today by catboat Favorite.

A party of about 30 came over from Newport last night and enjoyed a dance in Watson & Gardner's hall, returning in a naphtha launch.

Mr. Barry Higgins, who is employed at Dutch Island, has leased the Ray cottage on Narragansett avenue, and Mr. Wager Briggs is today moving his household goods here from Newport.

Deputy Sheriff H. N. Gifford was in town today.

Mr. T. P. Crowley has received the contract for a new pier for Mr. J. M. Whitall. It will be 200 feet long and 8 feet wide, with a head 15 by 25 feet, and will be built of the best material. The new pier will have at least 12 feet of water at the head, at low tide.

Captain Knowles's scow Turtle has gone to Newport, to be hauled out and have repairs made.

ACTING UNDER ORDERS.

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

and that in any case the men arrested were irresponsible nobodies with fictitious military titles affixed by the Boers with the object of discrediting the British in the eyes of the Continental powers.

It is now believed that Trenlett was formerly a captain of volunteers in Cape Colony and that he is now a mining agent, Patterson is described as a butcher and labor agitator, Mitchell is said to be a store keeper, Cooper is classed as a carpenter, Ellis is alleged to be a private detective, and the occupations of Fries and Nichols are unknown.

A prominent Outlander said to the representative of the Associated Press: "My own view is that a few unknown and irresponsible people met together to discuss means of defense in case the necessity for such action arose. Those who are acquainted with Johannesburg know that such precautions are necessary. There was the greatest unrest and ferment there when I left. But the statement that there has been a conspiracy during the past four months and that the South African League was connected with it is untrue. No Outlander is allowed to possess a rifle, yet at every corner are policemen armed with rifles and revolvers."

San Chun Occupied Without Casualties.

HONG KONG, May 17.—San Chun was occupied yesterday without any casualties. There is an uncontrolled report that the rebels are occupying Sunon City.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

New York, May 16, Cevic, from Liverpool.

New York, May 16, Koenig Luis, from Bremen.

Boston, May 16, Cestrian, from Liverpool.

New York, May 17, Saale, from Naples.

New York, May 17, New York, from Southampton.

Bremen, May 17, Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse, New York, via Cherbourg and Southampton.

Glasgow, May 17, Anchoria, from New York.

Queenstown, May 17, Aurania, New York for Liverpool, and proceeded.

NARROW ESCAPE OF AN APPRENTICE BOY.

This morning, while Apprentice Alexander J. Barry was in a boatswain's chair on one of the Constellation's masts, the mast broke and the boy had a very narrow escape from death. But for the presence of mind and activity of Seaman Johnson, who seized him as he fell, he would probably have been killed by striking the deck. As it was, he suffered some from bruises and was sent to the hospital. He came here lately from the Vermont. It was found that the mast, which looked fair outside, had rotted away, and the remainder, with the other top gallant masts, were taken down to prevent any repetition of the accident. Some new masts will be needed, as one or two of the others were found in the same condition.

METHODIST SOCIAL UNION.

The board of management of the Social Union of the Methodist Episcopal churches of the island met Monday evening for organization. It being understood that Mr. L. D. Davis, who has been president since the union was organized, declined re-election, the following officers were chosen:

President—F. Fred Kaull.
Secretary—William D. Bartley.
Treasurer—Dr. Frederick Bradley.

Arrangements are being made to hold a meeting of the union in the near future, the board having accepted an invitation to meet with the Middletown church, and a committee has been appointed to arrange a program and secure a speaker.

WOMEN'S LUNCHEONS.

The luncheon, as a social function of a certain order, has come to be the feminine counterpart of the man's dinner. If a man of note comes to New York he is promptly, often exhaustively, dined by other men who take this way—happily so full of enjoyment for themselves—of expressing their admiration. If women want to honor another woman they give a luncheon for her. Not long ago a woman editor from another city visited New York, and among the affairs given in her honor was a luncheon at a well-known hotel. It was a small company, scarcely more than a dozen covers being laid; but the repartee, the stories, the humorous discussion which went around the table would have been quite worthy of a masculine dinner of imposing proportions. It is an unfortunately widespread habit with women to take their pleasures sadly, but the vigorous preaching which has been done apropos of this very thing seems not to have been in vain. An "honorary" luncheon, at least, is a pleasure which New York women take with the proper degree of gayety.—[Harper's Bazar.

Records of soil temperature have been kept at stations of the Royal Meteorological Society since 1881, the observations having been made at depths of 3, 6, 12, 24 and 48 inches. It appears that in nearly all cases the soil is slightly warmer, on the yearly average, at a depth of one foot, than is the air, although the winter temperature of soil and air is about the same. The soil in summer may be as much as 3 degrees warmer than the air.

Window Screens,
ALL SIZES.

Fly Netting,
24 INCHES TO 36 INCHES WIDE.

Screen Doors,
ALL SIZES.

Agents for the Baldwin Dry Air Refrigerators. 40 styles.

WALSH BROTHERS,
222 THAMES STREET.

A. Livingston Mason,
(Trustee Estate of Isaac Harlshorn.)
CARE and MANAGEMENT of ESTATES,
HALIDON HALL, NEWPORT.
61 WESTMINSTER STREET, PROVIDENCE.
Rooms 41 and 45.

AS FISHES SWIM.

Neapolitan Inventor Constructs a Boat with a New Method of Propulsion.

The problem of practically controlling the motive power of an ocean wave seems to have been solved. The man who claims to have worked out this solution is H. Linden, secretary of the zoological station at Naples, Italy. He has had constructed a boat which, with its attachments, is propelled through the water by the waves at a speed of the same degree as that secured by an oarsman pulling at an ordinary rate.

Linden's boat is 13.12 feet long, 3.12 feet beam, 1.64 feet in depth, and has a displacement of 440 pounds. It is decked over, except for a small space in the centre called the cockpit, which is occupied by the steersman. It has watertight compartments at both ends. It is a staunch little craft, so constructed that it will stand heavy weather at sea.

The form of construction of the boat itself is not very different from that description of craft known as the jolly boat. It is in the motor contrivance the secret lies. This consists of a series of powerful buoyant floats, with free ends attached to the boat at bow and stern.

Each float is of four hardened steel plates, 19 inches in length, nine inches in breadth and .068 inch in thickness at the free end. Canvas is spread between the plates, giving an area on the upper surface of each float of about thirteen and a half square feet. In some cases the inventor has increased the resistance of the floats by means of steel tongues. The floats are placed at such a depth that they are at all times under water.

The principle of the boat's construction is that of the swimming motion of fishes, which Linden has had plenty of opportunity to observe during his duties at the Zoological Garden. After months of study he made up his mind that this swimming motion might be imitated mechanically with good results, and his experiments finally crystallized into the following statement of facts, which he has prepared himself:

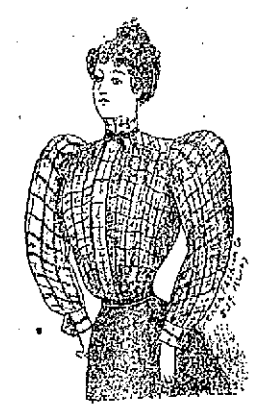
"If powerful resilient (buoyant) floats be attached horizontally, obliquely or vertically under the water line of a boat in such a manner that the free ends of the floats, made of sheet steel or of other elastic material, or of some skeleton covered by a membrane like the web feet of aquatic birds, are directed rearwardly, then the boat will move constantly and spontaneously onward through the waves by reason of the impact of the water on the elastic floats, the operation of the latter corresponding essentially to the action of a fish's tail.

"The resistance encountered in the water by the floats, due either to the motion produced by the pitching and rolling of the boat or to the direct pressure resulting from the impact of masses of water falling on the upper surfaces of the floats, causes these elastic floats to bend outwardly to a corresponding degree; but as soon as the waves have momentarily subsided the floats spring back to their initial position. It is evident that the striking of the masses of water against the arched surfaces of the floats, as well as the exertion of force during the backward springing, gives rise to a force which is directed toward the fast ends of the floats, and which drives the boat in the direction of this impulse. Thus, by means of a continuous motion of alternate arching and backward springing the boat is put in motion, and, as already remarked, in a direction from the free to the fast end of the floats.

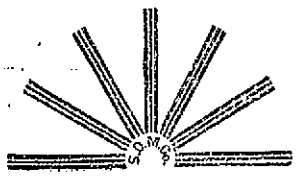
"The effect of the floats is the more pronounced as the motion of the waves is stronger and more frequent. Owing to the resistance encountered by the floats in the water, the pitching and rolling of the boat are materially reduced."

Spring Ducklings,
FRESH TODAY,
—AT—
Rooney's Market,
251 THAMES STREET.

Shirt Waists.



From 42c. to $2 each.
Levy's
78 BROADWAY.



ASTIGMATISM.
If these lines do not appear equally black in all the different meridians it indicates a defect of sight that causes headaches and should be corrected at once. Eyes tested free by J. Rems, Optician with
H. A. HEATH & CO.,
Jewelers, 162 Thames Street.

WATER.
Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 5 West Marlborough street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M.

Whether You Wear Glasses or Not,

If your eyes give you trouble in seeing, or cause headaches, let me examine them for you. This has been my specialty for many years. You can rely upon my experience and training to prescribe the proper glasses if you require them, or to advise an oculist's treatment if you need it.
EXAMINATION COSTS YOU NOTHING. Glasses will cost only what they are worth.
MUELLER, Scientific Optician, 168 Bellevue Avenue.

CREAM OF CUCUMBERS,
Softens, beautifies and preserves the skin.
The best preparation for chapped hands, freckles or any roughness of the skin.
CASWELL, MASSEY & Co.,
212 Thames St., Cor. Church St.

Nice Native Veal.
Strictly Fresh Island Eggs.
FULL LINE OF
GROCERIES and CANNED GOODS
AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
T. GLADDING & SON, POINT MARKET,
Corner Bridge and Washington Streets.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

The Philharmonic Society.
Mendelssohn's St. Paul,
AT THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, BROADWAY,
Thursday Evening, May 18, 1899,
AT 8 O'CLOCK.

SOLOISTS:
MRS. EVA GARDNER COLEMAN, Soprano.
MISS MAUD REES, Contralto.
MR. FREDERICK SMITH, Tenor.
MR. JOSEPH S. BARNSTEIN, Bass.
THE CHORUS OF THE SOCIETY.
MR. ALFRED G. LANGLEY, Conductor.
MR. CHARLES P. SCOTT, Organist.
MRS. T. W. FREEBORNE, MISS MARIAN G. BOWLING, Pianists.

ALL SEATS RESERVED. Prices 75c. and $1, according to location. Obtainable at J. H. Barney, Jr., & Co.'s Piano Rooms, 151 Thames street, on and after Monday, May 15.

ASSOCIATE MEMBERS EXCHANGE THEIR MEMBERSHIP TICKETS FOR RESERVED SEATS ON SATURDAY, MAY 13.

Portsmouth Strawberry Festival.

A Strawberry Festival will be given in the vestry of the Portsmouth Methodist Episcopal Church for the benefit of the Epworth League, Thursday, May 18, at 7:30 P. M. Cake, cream, candy and strawberries will be served and there will also be an apron sale and fancy table.

MASSAGE.

Miss K. L. Stuck,
MASSAGE,
Pupil of Dr. Louis Guenther,
20 TILDEN AVENUE.

Dr. E. C. Holloway,
CHIROPODIST AND ELECTROLYSIAN.
Office, 79 Spring St., Newport, R. I. Open Evenings. Orders may be left at Seabury's Shoe Store.

Miss E. S. Peckham, Masseuse.
General and facial massage. Treatments with electricity if desired.
15 NEWPORT AVENUE.

Lawn Mowers.
The largest line offered at the lowest prices.
Stearns Ball-bearing,
Townsend Ball-bearing,
The Philadelphia Spring-pawl.
The Monarch for a cheap mower for $2 and upward as per size. For the best mower to be had try our Imperial; it has more good points than all others.
To appreciate them try one on your lawn.
It costs you nothing to try the different kinds.

Our Sweet Pea Mixture, made up of 60 different varieties, will please you; or the ordinary mixture at much less price.
Use Bellevue Avenue Lawn Mixture to secure a fine lawn.
Freshcut Pea Brush, Pea Trellis, Lawn Dressing, Garden Fertilizer, Lawn Seats and Swings. A complete line of Grocers', Team and Driving Harnesses.
—AT—
The Geo. A. Weaver Co.,
19 to 23 Broadway, Newport, R. I.

IT WILL
Pay You
Before making your purchases to give me a call. Large assortment of ladies' and children's solid gold rings; also new designs in solid gold collarette and stick pins.
WM. O. CLAZIER,
SUCCESSOR TO
H. W. & J. C. PRAY, 96 Spring Street.

Odorless Moth-Proof Bags,
The only way to protect your clothing from moths is to put it in an AIR-TIGHT MOTH-PROOF bag.
Bags, 24x48 in., 40c.
Bags, 30x50 in., 50c.
A. C. LANDERS,
167 Thames Street, Covell's Block.

MUSIC HALL,
239 & 250 Thames Street.
Dancing and Banquet Halls.
Ample ante-rooms with all modern conveniences.
Special prices to tenants.
FOR TERMS AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO D. W. SHEEHAN, WHOLESALE WINES, LIQUORS, 18 TO 20 KINSLEY'S WHARF.

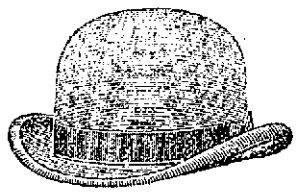
---W---
Creamery Butter,
25c. per pound.
4 1-2 pounds $1.
LANDERS & PECKHAM,
142 THAMES STREET.

CLOTHING.

American and English coach and house
LIVERIES
Of every description made to order at short notice.
EDWARD OTTO,
244 Thames St.

Hygienic Suspenders
Are comfortable
Are handsome
Are strong.
They are made from stock usually put into 50c. suspenders. We are introducing them for
25 cents.
W. C. LANGLEY & SON
174 Thames St

NONE BETTER.
LAMSON & HUBBARD



SPRING STYLE, 1899.
FOR SALE BY
NEIL McLENNAN, 268 Thames St

H. D. Spooner,
TAILOR,
233 1-2 Thames Street.

Speaking of Dress,
Would not a nice Suit, Top Coat, pair of Trousers, or a Fancy Vest be just the thing?
Come in and let me show you a complete line of the above goods.
J. K. McLENNAN, 196 Thames St.

PATH GRAVEL.
While you are fixing up your lawns and paths order some of Peckham Brothers' Blue-Crushed Stone-Gravel and have one of the handsomest paths in the city. It is sure to give satisfaction. Peckham Bros., Middletown, R. I. Newport Address, P. O. Box 193.

CLOSE OF ITS THIRD SEASON.

Review of the Work of the Philharmonic Society.

Tomorrow evening's concert will close the third successful season of the Philharmonic Society. During these three seasons four of the great oratorios will have been presented, besides the Brahms Requiem and miscellaneous works of the highest order. Two of the oratorios, the first and the last given, were written by Mendelssohn, and those persons who have thought nothing quite equal to "Elijah" may tomorrow evening find its counterpart in "St. Paul."

From its inception the Philharmonic Society has been conducted on purely educational and philanthropic lines. Notwithstanding many reports to the contrary, there are no salaried officers, and no emoluments of any sort. The services of all connected with the society are cheerfully given in the cause of good music. Not even the director, who works arduously for the good of the society, reaps the slightest pecuniary benefit—rather the contrary. The support and assistance of all musicians is desired, that the Philharmonic may be perpetuated and its music be a permanent education and pleasure to the citizens of Newport. The associate membership has very largely increased, and it is now desired to augment carefully the active membership of the society.

It would seem that all personal feelings should in this case be put one side, and all musicians work shoulder to shoulder, that Newport may take rank with other cities in maintaining year after year a good choral society. The Newport Philharmonic has done such excellent work, both in quality and material, that it has become favorably known throughout the country. The soloists who have sung in its concerts have carried the story out, and many words of commendation have been received from them and from others who have heard of the little society here. The public seems anxious to continue it, as is evidenced by the large patronage of the concerts and the constantly increasing associate list. With the active co-operation of the people who can sing, there seems no reason why the future of the Philharmonic is not assured.

The intermission music has still been an important feature of the season's work, though, owing to unavoidable circumstances, the committee has been greatly hampered in its labors. The list given below is a resume of the intermissions since last October, and the names of the composers speak for themselves. The programs have always, except in one instance, where fine string music was desired which was not available in the club, been given by the society's own members:

L. van Beethoven—Adagio expressive from pianoforte sonata in B flat, op. 22; Allegro con brio from the symphony in E flat (Eroica) op. 55, (four hands); Lento and finale from the trio in G major, op. 1, No. 2, for piano, violin and violincello; Sonata for violin and piano, op. 30, No. 3; tempo di minuetto, ma molto moderato e grazioso; allegro vivace.
Georges Bizet—Recitative and aria—"Con voi lier," (Torador's Song) from the opera "Carmen."
Th. Bradsky—Song, "Du bist das Reusche Mondenlicht."
Dudley Buck—Songs, "Sunset;" "Bedouin Love Song."
Otto Cantor—Song, "O fair, O sweet, O holy."
Cecile Chaminade—Song, "Summer."
Frederick Chopin—Etudes in E major, op. 10, No. 3; G flat major, op. 10, No. 5.
Charles Dennée—Song, "Lullaby."
Gaetano Donizetti—Recitative and aria, "Convien partir," from the opera "La Figlia di Reggimento."
Anton Dvorák—Slavische Tänze op. 46, no. 4, (four hands).
Robert Franz—Songs, "Widmung," op. 14, No. 1; "Blüther lässt die Blume fallen," op. 30, No. 2; "Bitte," op. 9, No. 3.
Michael Ivanovitch Glinka—"Song of the Lark," piano transcription by Balakirew.
Christopher von Gluck—Overture, "Iphigenie in Aulis." Mozart's ending.
Benjamin Godard—Scherzo from the third sonata for piano and violin, G minor, op. 9.
Charles Francois Gounod—Aria, "O Divine Redeemer," with violin, violincello and piano.
L. Gorthigani—Ballad, "Il Nome di mia Madre."
Victor Harris—"A Madrigal."
Franz Josef Haydn—Adagio ventabile from pianoforte sonata in E flat (Schirmer ed. No. 3).
Johann Nepomuk Hummel—(1778-1837), Alla Polacca, B flat.
Edouard Lassen—Vocal duet, "Absence."
A. Ludow—"Une Tabatière a Musique," op. 32.
Felix Mendelssohn—Notturno from the "Midsummer Night's Dream;" overture, "The Fair Melusina;" aria, "It is Enough" from "Elijah."
Jules Massenet—Songs, "Pensée d'Automne;" "Serenade du Passant."
W. A. Mozart—Aria, Invocation, "Possenti numi," from "The Magic Flute;" Recitative and aria "Giunge alfin il momento," "Deh vieni, non tardar," from "Le Nozze di Figaro;" Trio for piano, violin and viola, in E flat, andante, E flat; menuetto, B flat; allegretto, E flat.
Gustav Merkel—Frühlingslied, op. 18, No. 1.
Victor Nessler—Aria, "My Love, farewell," from "Der Trompeter von Säkkingen."
Otto Nicolai—Overture, "The Merrie Wives of Windsor."
E. St. Quentin—Song, "Conquered."
Anton Rubinstein—Songs, "The Asra," "Yearnings;" vocal duets, "The Angel," "Forest Song."
Rachmaninoff—Prelude, op. 3, No. 2.
Johann Svendsen—Romanze in G, op. 26.
Robert Schumann—song, "Two Grenadiers;" piano, "Widmung," transcribed by Liszt.
Franz Schubert—Song, "Serenade."
Ludwig Spohr—Scherzo in D minor, piano four hands.
Guiseppe Verdi—Scena, "Aizali," and aria, "Eri tu che macchiavi," from "Un Ballo in Maschera."
Carl Maria von Weber—Aria, "O Fatima," from "Abu Hassan;" overture, "Euryanthe."
Richard Wagner—Aria, "O thou sublime, sweet evening Star;" piano, "Spinnerlied," from "Der Fliegende Holländer."

Readings were also given at several intermissions, as follows: "Lora Cleve," Robert Browning; "In Bohemia," John Boyle O'Reilly; "Little Orphan Annie," James Whitcomb Riley; "The Flying Dutchman," Alice Chapin; and an original essay on "The Wagner Music Drama," with musical illustrations, (the Leit-Motiven.)

It is considered very desirable by the management that the audience at the "St. Paul" concert Thursday evening should be seated by 8 o'clock, in order that the oratorio may be finished earlier in the evening than has been formerly the case, as on some occasions many persons have been obliged to leave for boats and cars before the conclusion of the concert. Words and music for the "St. Paul" may be obtained at the church Thursday evening.

MIDDLETOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mr. Eugene Sturtevant of Providence, whose death was mentioned in Tuesday's Daily News, was for many years a resident of Middletown. When first he came here he lived on Paradise avenue, and afterward moved to the Samuel Allen farm near the Third beach, now occupied and owned by Mrs. Seth Brownell. A few years before Mr. Sturtevant and family left Middletown they occupied "Boothden," on Indian avenue. Mr. Sturtevant owned at one time large tracts of land on the east side of the island, from Third beach to Black point. This was formerly the Samuel Allen farm, the Bull farm, the Ogden farm and part of the Swan farm. He had Indian avenue opened and laid out at his own expense; also the east end of Green End avenue from Third Beach road, and connected it with Indian avenue. He gave the land where the Berkeley Memorial Chapel stands and with his family was deeply interested in the church and its welfare. Mr. Sturtevant was quite active in politics at one time, and was once a representative from the town. He leaves a wife, four daughters and one son, all of whom are well known by the people of Middletown.

Mrs. Charles Sunderland, who has been guest of Mrs. Thomas J. Sherman for a few days, returned to Taunton yesterday. Misses Nettie and Lillian Hesse, daughters of Mrs. Richard Hesse of Newport, are visiting at Mrs. Sherman's.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. Max Agassiz is here from Boston.

—Mrs. G. W. Cutler is visiting her father, Albert G. Hatch, in Buffalo.

—Mrs. M. E. Hall of New Haven is guest of Mrs. Bailey on Bull street.

—Mrs. Walter L. Kane and family have arrived at the Herrick cottage on Clay street.

—Mr. J. M. Hodgson and family of New York have arrived at their cottage on LeRoy avenue.

—Mrs. William Edgar, Miss Edgar, Miss Edith Mason and Mrs. Josiah P. Cooke are among late arrivals.

—Mr. Samuel F. Pratt of Boston, who spent the winter in Florida, has arrived at his cottage on Bellevue avenue.

—Mrs. T. O. Richardson and family of Boston, who usually spend the summer here, will go to the White Mountains.

—Mrs. George Hoffman, daughter of Mr. John W. Ellis, and Miss Emily Hoffman, will spend the summer abroad.

—John Pennington of the Society of Friends, of Providence, is expected to be present at the evening service of the Friends of this city Thursday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Bronson, who will spend three weeks in August here, are to go to their summer home at Greenfield Hill, Conn., this month.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cremin have arrived from New York, where they were married a few days ago. The Misses Cremin, who went on to the wedding, will remain in New York a week.

—Mr. and Mrs. C. Albert Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills, Mr. and Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Tillinghast and Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Thayer sailed for Europe today.

—The flags of the Newport Business Men's Association and the Newport Reading Room are at half-staff on account of the death of Mr. Charles Acton Ives, that of the latter organization also on account of the death of Mr. Eugene Sturtevant.

—At the annual convention of the Grand Court of Rhode Island, Foresters of America, in Providence yesterday, John R. F. Oakley of this city was elected one of the trustees and William J. Christmas one of the representatives of the Grand Court to the supreme convention at Denver.

—Lieutenant Commander Corwin P. Rees of the Torpedo Station has received a finely engrossed testimonial of thanks from the Newport Teachers' Association, in recognition of his services in aiding in the establishment of the retirement fund, by his description of the battle of Manila Bay, given at Masonic hall May 4.

—Rev. George W. Cutter of this city is in Cincinnati, attending the twenty-sixth annual session of the National Conference of Charities and Corrections, he and Dr. George F. Keene, superintendent of the State Hospital for the Insane, having been appointed by the state board of charities and corrections to represent Rhode Island at the conference.

—Tug Leyden at the Torpedo Station is at last losing her coat of smoky drab, which was put on before the blockade of Cuba last summer and which she has worn since her return from the South. The smoke stack has been painted yellow, with a black band at the top, and the old war paint will soon be supplanted by black on the hull and yellow on the upper structure. The painting is in preparation for the coming of the North Atlantic squadron.

PORTSMOUTH.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Superintendent A. L. Ackley of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad and Mrs. Ackley have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Freeborn.

Mrs. William Rose and her son of Tiverton were at Mrs. Abiel C. Fish's Tuesday.

Open cars on the electric road seemed quite incongruous yesterday. The motormen and conductors were overcoats, and the passengers who did not wear them wished they had. The cars had very few passengers, owing largely to the fact that people were afraid of taking cold besides being very uncomfortable.

Mr. Fellows, head engineer at the power house, is at Mrs. Sarah Green's.

Miss Lois Ashley entertained on her birthday, Tuesday, Misses Clara and Edna Brayton.

BIGGEST ON THE CONTINENT.

Steel Freight Car Plant to be Added to Chicago's Industries.

CHICAGO, May 17.—The Times-Herald today says: An immense plan for the construction of steel freight cars will be added to Chicago's industries. The establishment will have a larger capacity than any other steel car building plant on the continent. A corporation, with a capital of $10,000,000, will be organized within the present month and will start out with contracts already placed for the construction of 700 cars. The Chicago concern expects to be able to put its first cars on the market about July 1. Several Western railroads will furnish enough capital to ensure the success of the enterprise.

MAYOR JONES ON POLITICAL PARTIES.

Hostile to Free Institutions and the Liberties of the People.

CHICAGO, May 17.—Mayor Samuel M. Jones of Toledo addressed a large audience last night in Steinway hall on "Principle vs. Party." In the course of his address Mayor Jones said:

"Those organizations known as political parties, through which exclusive agency all the powers and functions of the government, state and national, are exercised and controlled, are in fact combinations and minorities of the voting population who have conspired to seize and hold the government with all its institutions, powers, offices and emoluments, and keep them primarily and exclusively in the interest of the party and its favorites. They are hostile to free institutions and the liberties of the people. They are a legitimate growth and part of our vicious competitive system.'"

KILLED BY HEAD-HUNTERS.

Thirty Unarmed Villagers in Formosa Massacred.

VANCOUVER, B. C., May 17.—Formosan advices give details of the massacre of 30 unarmed villagers by about 60 head-hunting savages, near Taiko. After the massacre the savages indulged in a feast, at which the heads of the murdered villagers were conspicuously displayed.

Kansas Sheriff Killed While Making an Arrest.

FAIRBURY, Neb., May 17.—At Hollenberg, Kas., a town on the state line 18 miles east, Sheriff Ed. Coleman of Washington county, Kas., was shot and instantly killed yesterday by William Hoxie, an alleged robber, whom Coleman was attempting to arrest. In the encounter Hoxie was fatally shot.

No Heresy Trial in the Chicago Theological Seminary.

CHICAGO, May 17.—A special to the Times Herald from Kewanee, Ill., says: There will be no heresy trial involving the Chicago Theological Seminary. This was virtually decided when the fifty-sixth annual meeting of the Illinois General Congregational Association, which has just begun a three days' session here, refused to listen to a denunciation of the institution's doctrinal teachings, and thereby tacitly declined to consider a request for the trial for heresy of Dr. George H. Gilbert and Dr. Samuel Ives Curtiss, leading professors of the seminary.

Providence Pensions.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Original—Charles H. Potter, Providence. Original, widow's, etc. (special May 6, special act)—Minor of John Y. Bolai, Providence.

PROPOSED NEW STATE BIRD LAW.

The new "bird law" now pending before the General Assembly, which provides for the appointment of five commissioners by the governor to serve without compensation, with the privilege of appointing deputies to enforce the law and protect the birds, is endorsed by the President of the Rhode Island Audubon Society in the following communication addressed to an officer of the society:

In reply to yours of May 15, relative to the act in amendment of chapter 112 of the General Laws of the state of Rhode Island, I would say that it appears to me that the proposed amendment will do a great deal toward restricting the indiscriminate slaughter of our native birds. Although the present laws are explicit, the absence of any authorized person to see that the laws are enforced practically leaves the birds without protection. The existence of deputies in different parts of the state will have a most healthful influence, and I have no doubt that the farmers will be very glad to co-operate with them. The damage done to fences, trees, crops, etc., by trespassers whose sole purpose is to destroy animals of immediate benefit to the farmer is not inconsiderable, and I know that there is a growing conviction on the part of land owners that the persecution of insectivorous birds should cease. Very truly yours,

H. C. BUMPUS,
President of the Audubon Society of Rhode Island.

IT CAN'T BE DONE.

No One Can Remain Well, No Chronic Disease Can Be Cured Unless the Stomach is First Made Strong and Vigorous.

This is plain because every organ in the body depends on the stomach for its nourishment. Nerve, bone, sinew, blood are made from the food which the stomach converts to our use.

How useless to treat disease with this, that and the other remedy and neglect the most important of all, the stomach.

The earliest symptoms of indigestion are sour risings, bad taste in the mouth, gas in stomach and bowels, palpitation, all-gone feeling, dizziness, headaches, constipation; later comes loss of flesh, consumption, liver and heart troubles, kidney diseases, nervous prostration, all of which are the indirect result of poor nutrition.

Any person suffering from indigestion should make it a practice to take after each meal one of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, allowing it to dissolve in the mouth and thus mingle with the saliva and enter the stomach in the most natural way. These Tablets are highly recommended by Dr. Jenkins because they are composed of the natural digestive acids and fruit essences which assist the stomach in digesting all wholesome food before it has time to ferment and sour.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by druggists, full sized packages at 50 cents. They are also excellent for infants and children. A book on stomach diseases and thousands of testimonials of genuine cures sent free by addressing F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

RUBBER TIRES.

We are now prepared to apply solid, cushion or pneumatic tires in our own factory.

We send no wheels out of the city.

FLUDDER BROTHERS, Beach St.

CHAMPION'S LINE.

Naphtha Launches, Sail and Row Boats.

TO LET BY THE HOUR, DAY OR WEEK.
99 Kinsley's Wharf. Telephone.

MME. V. SURET,
Of 265 W. 30th St., New York,
Fine Laundress.
101 JOHN ST., WILL OPEN JUNE 1.

IVORINE
WASHING POWDER

Cleans everything that can be cleaned.. *Laces; Fine Linen; Flannels; Clothes; Dishes; Pots and Pans; Glassware; Woodwork* and everything else about the house. Cleans them easily and quickly and thoroughly. A blessing in every household.

A cake of pure white Glycerine Soap in every package

THE J. B. WILLIAMS CO.,
GLASTONBURY, CONN.
MAKERS OF WILLIAMS' FAMOUS SHAVING SOAPS.

For the very best quality
—OF—
Hay, Straw,
Corn, Meal, Oats and Feed
GO TO
The Chas. E. Spooner Co.,
Commercial Wharf. Telephone.

HAY, GRAIN AND STRAW,
SALT, Etc.
O. Shanahan, Commercial Wharf

Summer Corsets.

We offer a special bargain in ladies' summer corsets, extra quality netting, extra boned, at 50c. a pair.

Our showing of Ladies' Shirt Waists Is unequalled.

We give the bicycle away May 27.

Wm. B. Sherman, Jr.
204 THAMES STREET.

T. P. CROWLEY,
Marine Railways.
Shipwright and Spermaker.
Pile Driving and Dock Building.
NAPHTHA LAUNCHES.
Yards—379 Thames St., 132 Long Whf
NEWPORT, R. I.

TAYLOR, CARR & ANDREWS,
170 DEVONSHIRE STREET,
BOSTON.
Engineers and Contractors for Concrete Masonry.
ARTIFICIAL STONE, Tar Concrete and Asphalt Walks and Drives, Stable Floors, Water Tight Cellars.

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7 OAK STREET.

Newport Transfer Express Co.

Solicit consignments of Freight.
Piano Moving a Specialty.
The only expresschecking baggage at residence to destination.
Accessible by Telephone at any and all hours.
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BRANCH OFFICE, 272 Thames St.
E. B. HARRINGTON,
Treasurer and General Manager.
DOUBLE RATES FOR SUNDAY CALLS.

Thomas W. Freeborne,
AUCTIONEER AND APPRAISER,
69 Broadway.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY

New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

EASTERN DISTRICT.

Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.

On and after May 7, 1899, trains will leave Newport for Boston, Park Square, week days, 7:08, 8:24, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 2:00, 5:00 p. m. Return, 6:45, 8:15, 10:45 a. m.; 12:45, 3:45, 4:45, 6:30 p. m. MIDDLETOWN and PORTSMOUTH, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. PORTSMOUTH GROVE (flag stop), 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. BRISTOL FERRY, TIVERTON, FALL RIVER and TAUNTON, 7:00, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 9:15 p. m. MIDDLEBORO, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:30 p. m. HYANNIS, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. PROVINCETOWN, 3:00 p. m. PLYMOUTH, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. NEW BEDFORD, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. FITCHBURG, and Stations on Northern Division, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. LOWELL, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. COTTAGE CITY, 11:00 a. m. PROVIDENCE, 7:00, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m.; 1:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30 p. m.

SUNDAYS for Boston d7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 5:30 p. m. Return, 6:30, 8:18 a. m.; d1:25, 6 p. m. For Providence, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 5:00 p. m. Return, 7:30, 9:30 a. m.; 5:30 p. m. For PORTSMOUTH GROVE, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 5:00 p. m. For MIDDLETOWN, PORTSMOUTH, BRISTOL FERRY, TIVERTON, FALL RIVER, SOMERSET, DIGHTON, NORTH DIGHTON, WEST WALLACE and TAUNTON, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 5:00, 9:15 p. m. NEW BEDFORD, 7:00 a. m.; 5:00 p. m.

a Boat from Fall River.
d Southern Terminal Station.

A. C. KENDALL, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Boston.
C. PETER CLARK, Gen'l Supt., Boston.
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.

OFFICIAL TIME TABLE.

NEWPORT & FALL RIVER STREET RAILWAY COMPANY.

LEAVE NEWPORT FOR FALL RIVER—**7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15 A. M.; 12:15, 12:15, 1:15, 1:45, 2:15, 2:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, *5:15, 6:15, *6:45, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, *10:15 P. M.

LEAVE FALL RIVER FOR NEWPORT—**6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 A. M.; 12:45, 12:45, 1:15, 1:45, 2:15, 2:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 5:45, *6:15, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, *9:45, *10:45 P. M.

Running time between City Hall, Fall River, and Newport, 60 minutes.

More frequent trips will be run Saturdays, Sundays and holidays when pleasant.

Subject to delays, changes and corrections without notice.

Office at Portsmouth, R. L., is connected with long distance telephone. Special cars may be had upon application at the office of this company or at the office of the Globe Street Railway Co., at Fall River.

*To Portsmouth car house only.
**Not run Sundays.

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R. H. FILLMORE, Jr., Superintendent.

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CARPETS.
WE HAVE THEM IN ALL THE NEW PATTERNS.
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A NEW LINE of the LATEST THINGS
Furniture Coverings.
UPHOLSTERING in all its branches.
Have your MATTRESSES made over.
J. W. HORTON & CO.
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Household Pet,
SECURE AND SUPERB RANGES?
THE PRETTIEST LINE EVER SHOWN IN NEWPORT.
Price $6 to $50.
ALSO FULL LINE OF
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ALSO A GOOD LINE OF
Rogers's Heavy Plated Ware.
IN SHORT,
A full and complete line of good Kitchenware.

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AND UPHOLSTERING.
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Get our prices for making over Mattresses.

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Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Natural and Artificial Ice.
THIS COMPANY IS PREPARED TO FURNISH ICE OF THE BEST QUALITY AND IN ANY QUANTITY DESIRED.
PROMPT ATTENTION AND DELIVERY BY EXPERIENCED DRIVERS. TELEPHONE CONNECTION.
Office Commercial Wharf.
JOHN H. GREENE, Supt.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY

FALL RIVER LINE.

For New York, the South and West

Steamers PRISCILLA and PURITAN in commission. A fine orchestra on each.

Leave Newport week days and Sundays at 9:15 p. m. Due New York at 7:50 A. M.

Returning from New York steamers leave Pier 19 N. R., foot of Warren street, week days and Sundays at 5:00 P. M.

Eastward steamers touch at Newport, remaining there until 2:45 A. M. before proceeding to Fall River.

For tickets and staterooms apply at New York and Boston Despatch Express office, 272 Thames street, J. I. GREENE, Ticket Agent.

GEO. L. CONNOR, Pass'r. Traffic Manager.
O. H. TAYLOR, Gen'l. Pass. Agent, New York.
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.

Jamestown & Newport Ferry Co.

From Foot of Market Square, Newport.

On and after April 30, 1899,

Steamer Conanicut or Beavertail

Will run as follows:

Leave Jamestown—6:15, 8:15, 10:00 (U. S. Mail) 11:00 A. M.; 1:00, 2:30, 3:30, 5:00 (U. S. Mail) 6:00 P. M.

Leave Newport—6:15, 9:30, 10:30 (U. S. Mail) A. M.; 12:00 M.; 2:00, 3:00, 4:30 (U. S. Mail) 5:30, 6:30 P. M.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Jamestown—9:00 A. M.; 12:30, 4:00 P. M.
Leave Newport—9:30 A. M.; 1:00, 4:30 P. M.
Subject to change without notice.

SAIL BOATS OR STEAM LAUNCH CAN ALWAYS BE HAD AT WEST JAMESTOWN FOR SAUNDERSTOWN AND NARRAGANSETT COUNTRY.

FOR BLOCK ISLAND.

Steamer Gen. W. Davidson, Captain Dodge, leaves Commercial wharf Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays for Block Island at 1 o'clock. Leaves Block Island Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays for Newport at 8 o'clock and for Providence Mondays and Wednesdays, leaving Newport at 11 o'clock. Leaves Providence for Newport Tuesdays and Thursdays at 9 o'clock. Due at Newport at 11:30. Trips made weather permitting.

Providence, Fall River & Newport Steamboat Co.

On and after May 7,
LEAVE NEWPORT FOR

Providence

Week days 8 A. M. Leave Providence, week days 1 P. M. Sunday Leave 8 A. M. Providence, 6:30 P. M.

Mondays and Saturdays only, stop at Prudence each way. Stop at Conanicut Mondays only each way.

Excursion Tickets, only 90c.

B. DUFFUM, Supt. Transportation.
ARTHUR H. WATSON,
President and Gen'l. Manager.

Newport & Wickford Railroad and Steamboat Co.

"The Wickford Route." Nov. 1, 1898.

LEAVE	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Newport,	10 00	1 20	4 10	*7 35
Providence, arr.,	11 50	3 18	5 55	9 54
Boston, arr.,	1 15	4 25	7 20	11 00
New York, arr.,	4 30	0 57	11 00	11
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
LEAVE	Night	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
New York,	*12 03	5 00	10 02	1 02
Boston,	....	10 03	1 02	8 46
Providence,	8 04	11 13	2 07	4 10
Newport, arr.,	8 55	1 00	4 00	6 40
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

*Via Providence, except Saturdays.

B Washington Express due Harlem River Station, N. Y., 2:15 A. M.; Philadelphia, 6:40 A. M.; Baltimore, 9:37 A. M.; Washington, 10:42 A. M.

**Through train between Wickford Junction, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington without change.

For tickets and drawing room chairs apply on steamer General, Commercial wharf, or at the Transfer Co.'s office, 30 Bellevue avenue.

C. U. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

Muenchinger-King Cottage,
NEWPORT, R. I.
Families or private parties, transient or permanent, accommodated at the above cottage, opposite Newport Reading Room.
BELLEVUE AVENUE.

Nason Cottage,
6 MILL STREET. Open all the year round. Permanent or Transient board. First Class. Reasonable Rates. GEO. NASON, Proprietor.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Boston & Philadelphia Steamship Co.,

FROM

Fall River to Philadelphia Direct,

Every Wednesday and Saturday,

At 6 P. M., connecting at Philadelphia with all rail and water lines to the south and west. Close connections made with all points on the N. Y., N. H. & H. Railroad.

Quick Despatch. Prompt Delivery.

Mark goods WINSOR LINE.

For rates and other information apply to J. H. JORDAN, Agent N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. or to H. J. Gernegan, Agent, Therrick Wharf, Fall River.

E. R. SAMPSON, Gen'l. Manager, Boston, Mass.

$2.75 BOX RAIN COAT
A REGULAR $5.00 WATERPROOF MACKINTOSH FOR $2.75.
Send No Money. Cut this ad. out and send to us, state your height and weight, state number of inches around body at breast taken over vest under coat close up under arms, and we will send you this coat by express, C. O. D., subject to examination, examine and try it on at your nearest express office and if found exactly as represented and the most wonderful value you ever saw or heard of and equal to any coat you can buy elsewhere for $5.00, pay the express agent our special offer price, $2.75, and express charges. THIS MACKINTOSH is latest 1899 style, made from heavy waterproof, tan color, genuine Bark Cover Cloth; extra long, double breasted, Super velvet collar, fancy plaid lining, waterproof sewed, strapped and cemented seams, suitable for both rain or overcoat, and guaranteed greatest value ever offered by us or any other house. For free Cloth Samples of Men's Mackintoshes and Made-to-Measure Suits to $5.00, and Made-to-Measure Pants and Overcoats at from $3.00 to $10.00, write for free book No. 596. Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

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241 Thames Street

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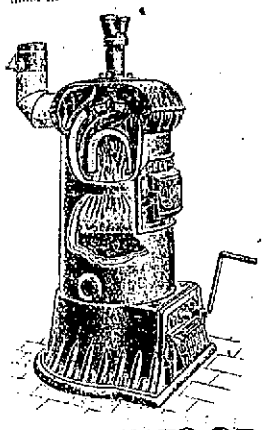
for your new home. It is the most modern as well as the best.



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Hot Water Heater.

Cast all one piece It has no joint or water connections to leak or burn out. The central water cone and other important features will be gladly explained at our store—222 Thames St.

WALSH BROS. Newport, R. I.

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Green Peas, String Beans,

BERMUDA ROMAINE,

Green Peppers, Chives, California Cabbage.

Asparagus, New Carrots,

CELERY.

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Meats and Provisions.

FRUITS, VEGETABLES. CANNED GOODS.

Best of Everything. Prices right.

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2 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

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Broiling and Roasting CHICKENS.

Island Eggs

JOHN BLUCK & CO.,

186 BELLEVUE AVENUE

Your Attention is Called TO THE Broadway Public Cash Market,

Where will be found a fine assortment of Turkeys, Geese and Chickens for the Holiday Trade.

We will use every effort to please. Kindly call

JOHN S. LANGLEY,

Funeral Director

—AND—

EMBALMER.

Frederick E. Langley,

ASSISTANT.

Office 16 Franklin St. Residence 1 School St. Telephone at office and residence.

Dessert FOR TO-DAY

Lemon Jelly made with Keystone Silver White Gelatine. Recipe for this and many other delicious desserts in every box.

If your grocer can not supply you send us his name and we will send you a sample package free with recipes by the leading cooks of the country. A full size box mailed for 15 cents.

MICHIGAN CARBON WORKS, Detroit, Mich. The largest makers of gelatine in the world.

BARGAIN!

For Sale—Nearly New Heavy 3-Spring Potato or Express Wagon.

APPLY TO

J. B. Bacheller, Commercial Wharf.

STORE WINDOW

and House Shades of every variety

Furnished and put up. Awnings stored, repaired and put up in spring.

GEO. NASON, 28 Mill street.

ALL KINDS OF

HARNESS,

FROM THE CHEAPEST TO THE VERY BEST.

HENRY BIESEL & SONS,

SADDLE, HARNESS AND TRUNK MAKERS.

250 & 258 Thames Street.

PAY OF ARMY OFFICERS.

Greatly Increased Since the War of the Rebellion.

In 1812 a resolution of Congress directed that a table setting out the pay of army officers of every grade and description should be annexed to the annual Army Register. In 1843, for the first time, this pay table appeared in that official publication. An examination of this little volume, a mere pamphlet of 50 pages, and its predecessors, shows that up to that time, dating from about the close of the last war with Great Britain, there had been little or no change in the pay of army officers.

In 1843 the pay of a major general was $200 a month, but he had commutations which ran the amount up to $408 a month. For instance, to him were allowed 15 rations a day—that is, the rations of 15 common soldiers. He was entitled to draw and eat them, but he did not, preferring to furnish his own table. Therefore, these rations were commuted into money at the rate of 20 cents a ration, or $3 a day. The fixed amount of his ration commutation was $90 a month. Then his expenses for horses, the number of which was fixed by statute at seven, were commuted at $56 a month. He probably never used so many as seven horses, any more than he ate up fifteen rations a day of the sort of grub issued to the enlisted men. So the amount was paid to him in money, and he employed and fed as many horses as he pleased, or as few. Four servants were allowed him at $16.50 a month, which was the monthly pay, cost of subsistence and clothing of a mounted private soldier. This allowance was also commuted into money—$62—the general probably getting along with less than the statutory allowance of servants, or more likely detailing private soldiers for the service. In short, these allowances voiced the design of the government to equip and feed its officers in active service. At $408 a month, which includes $200 pay proper and all the foregoing items of allowance, the major general's pay was $4,896 a year.

This system of commutations for rations, horses and servants applied to every branch of the military service, the officers of the staff bureaus in Washington and elsewhere, as well as to officers in the field. The brigadier general's pay proper was but $104 a month. To him were allowed 12 rations, five horses and three servants, commuted in money at $72, $40 and $46.50 a month respectively, making a total of $262.50, or $3,150 a year.

The pay and allowances of a colonel of dragoons 60 years ago were as follows: Pay proper, $90 a month; rations (6), $36; horses (5), $40; servants (2), $33; total a month, $199; a year, $2,388. The lieutenant-colonel of dragoons rated as follows: Pay proper, $75; rations (5), $30; servants (2), $33; total a month, $170; a year, $2,040. The major of dragoons received: Pay proper, $60; rations (4) $24; horses (4), $32; servants (2), $33; total a month, $149; a year, $1,788. The pay proper of a captain of dragoons was $50; rations (4), $24; horses (2), $16; servant (1), $16.50; total a month, $106.50; a year, $1,278. The pay of a first lieutenant of dragoons was $31.33 a month; rations (4), $24; horses (2), $16; servant (1), $16.50; total a month, $89.83; a year, $1,079.16. The pay and allowances of the second lieutenant were precisely the same as those of the first.

The pay and allowances of the artillery and infantry officers were equal, but less than those of the officers of dragoons. The colonel of artillery or infantry received as pay proper $75 a month; rations (6), $36; horses (4), $32; servants (2), $31; total a month, $174; a year, $2,088. Pay proper of the lieutenant colonel was $60 a month; rations (5) $30; horses (3), $24; servants (2), $31; total a month, $145; a year, $1,740. For pay proper the major received $50; rations (4), $24; horses (3), $24; servants (2), $31; total a month, $129; a year, $1,548. A captain received a total of $79.50 a month; a year, $950. A first lieutenant, $69.50 a month; a year, $834. A second lieutenant $64.50 a month; a year, $774. It will be observed that the allowance for servants is $1 each less than for those of dragoons.

In those days of rigid economy the staff department fared little better. The adjutant general of the army, who ranked in 1843 as colonel, received the same pay and commutations as the colonel of dragoons. So did the inspector general, also a colonel. The assistant adjutants general, ranking as majors, of whom there were only two, received the same pay and allowances as the major of dragoons. Four assistants ranking as captain received a total of $114.50 a month; pay proper, $50; rations (4), $24; horses (3), $24; servant (1), $16.50; a year, $1,374. This shows a difference of one horse in favor of the staff captain as against the captain of dragoons.

The quartermaster general received the pay and allowances of a brigadier general, which was then, as now, his rank; the assistant quartermaster general, a colonel, the same as the adjutant general of the army. The deputy quartermaster general, who ranked as lieutenant colonel, received as follows: Pay proper, $75; rations (5), $30; servants (2), $33; total a month, $170; a year, $2,040. The major of dragoons received: Pay proper, $60; rations (4) $24; horses (4), $32; servants (2), $33; total a month, $149; a year, $1,788. The pay proper of a captain of dragoons was $50; rations (4), $24; horses (2), $16; servant (1), $16.50; total a month, $106.50; a year, $1,278. The pay of a first lieutenant of dragoons was $31.33 a month; rations (4), $24; horses (2), $16; servant (1), $16.50; total a month, $89.83; a year, $1,079.16. The pay and allowances of the second lieutenant were precisely the same as those of the first.

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The surgeon general received $2,500 per annum; there are no data in the register to show that he received in addition to this gross sum any allowances, and he probably did not. Surgeons ranking as majors, presumptively, although it is not so stated of ten years' service received as follows: Pay proper, $60; rations (8), $48; horses (4), $32; servants (2), $33; total a month, $173; a year, $2,076. Why surgeons should have a greater allowance for rations than officers of like rank in other corps is difficult to understand. Surgeons of less than ten years' service received the same pay and allowances less four rations, amounting to $24, reducing their pay to $149 a month, precisely the same as that of a major in the adjutant general's bureau. Assistant surgeons of ten years' service received $138 a month, of five years' service the same as a captain of the adjutant general's bureau.

The paymaster general also received $2,500 a year, apparently without any allowances. Paymasters had the same pay and allowances as the major of the adjutant general's corps.

The chief of engineers, who ranked with the adjutant general as a colonel, received the same pay and allowances as that of bureau chief; a lieutenant colonel of engineers the same as a lieutenant colonel in the quartermaster's bureau, and the major of engineers the same as a major and assistant adjutant general. The blood of a first lieutenant of engineers at the close of the century will run cold when his eye dwells on these items of the pay and allowances of a first lieutenant of the corps 60 years ago: Pay proper, $33.33; rations (4), $24; horses (2), $16; servant (1), $16.50; total pay and allowances a month, $89.83; a year, $1,077.96. It is more than double that now. The second lieutenant's pay was the same as the first's.

It is clear, upon an examination of these rates of pay, that the financial inducements to become officers in the United States military service back in the forties were not great, for the salaries are certainly very moderate, hardly sufficient to maintain an officer alone, not to mention the family dependent on him for support. Yet, notwithstanding the meagreness of his pay in those days, Uncle Sam's army was perhaps as well officered in 1843 as it is today. No better results could possibly be achieved by the best troops in the world than those that followed the American arms in Mexico, three or four years subsequently.

The foregoing rates of pay were in force for more than 50 years, with only occasional changes in respect to commutations or other minor details. Several acts passed in 1857 were the first to make any important change in the pay of officers since shortly after the beginning of the century. By them the total pay and commutations of a major general were increased to $4681 a month; that of a brigadier general to $323; colonel of staff to $235; colonel of mounted dragoons the same; colonel of artillery and infantry to $218, and the lower grades in like proportion. This was an encouraging advance and fixed the pay at a figure approximating to its proper limit. During the progress of the rebellion there were some further minor changes with a tendency upward. The major general or brigadier commanding a division or a department had a discrimination in his favor of about $50 a month over the regular pay of those grades. No note is taken here of the rank of general and lieutenant general, new grades created or revived during the rebellion, and therefore valueless for comparison.

The rates of pay established in 1857 remained unchanged except in minor particulars until July 15, 1870, when the pay schedule mainly as it stands to-day was fixed by Congress. Including the advance provided for in 1857, the act of 1870 added directly, and by a system of service percentages, more than 50 per cent to the pay of officers prior to 1857. After 20 years' service 40 per cent accrued to the pay proper of all officers, excepting only major general and brigadier general. So that, as nearly all the officers above the rank of second lieutenant had been long in the service, the aggregate maximum pay was almost invariably as follows: Major general, $7,500; brigadier general, $5,500; colonel, $4,500; lieutenant colonel, $4,000; major, $3,500; captain mounted and not mounted, respectively $2,800 and $2,520; first lieutenant, mounted and not mounted, respectively, $2,240 and $2,100. These last are the pay proper with the service percentage added. The second lieutenants' pay varied little, and seldom reached the maximum, because the greater number of them had not served long enough, they getting promoted within a few years. The old system of commutation for rations and servants was abandoned and pay was fixed by the act of 1870 in a lump sum.

There is, however, in addition to the schedule, an allowance to officers on detached service, at the capital or elsewhere, for quarters, commuted at the rate of $12 a room. Six rooms are allowed to a major general, five each to a brigadier and a colonel, four each to a lieutenant colonel and major, three to a captain, and two to lieutenants. The quartermaster must furnish one cooking stove to each of these officers; and five heating stoves to a major general; four each to a brigadier and a colonel, four to a lieutenant colonel and a major each three. These are probably commuted by the staff or detached officer in a lump sum of money. Officers of the staff and on detached service—all officers, in fact—are permitted to buy their fuel at cost of quartermasters. In the field forage in kind is allowed officers for horses they own; so to officers of the staff here. Officers have free medical attendance and free medicine.

It would probably require a Congress investigation to develop precisely the total amount paid monthly to each of the generals, colonels, majors and minor officers of the staff bureau or on detail in Washington. It is known that in various forms they get considerably more than officers of the same grades of the line in the field. But in order that the reader may grasp more quickly and clearly the difference in respect of pay between the army officer in 1821 and the army officer prior to 1843, I append a comparative exhibit of the highest pay of army officers:

Rank.	Pay 1843.	Pay 1821.
Major General,	$4,896	$7,500
Brigadier General,	3,150	5,500
Colonel,	2,388	4,500
Lieutenant Colonel,	2,040	4,000
Major,	1,788	3,500
Captain, mounted,	1,278	2,800
Captain, not mounted,	954	2,520
Lieutenant, mounted,	1,077	2,240
Lieutenant, not mounted,	831	2,100

The pay of a colonel or lieutenant colonel now is nearly double what it was in 1843; that of captains and first lieutenants is more than doubled. A colonel now gets $1,350 per annum more than a brigadier did then and nearly as much as a major general received. A major gets more pay now than did a brigadier in 1843; and a mounted lieutenant now gets more than was paid a lieutenant colonel in the old days. Beyond dispute the army receives royal pay for its services in our day and generation. Congress was constrained to fix it so high by the claim that the pay prior to 1870 was not commensurate with the cost of living and equipment and great difference in the purchasing power of money during and immediately following the civil war. It was also argued that the pay was not adequate to maintain the self-respect and proper dignity of the officer.

In view of the greatly reduced cost of living generally, the officer's pay is probably as much too high now as it was palpably too low in 1843. The chances are, of course, against any reduction. It is far more likely to be increased, because the country highly appreciates the performances of its soldiers in the recent war as well as the operations now in progress in the Philippines. Nevertheless, the business man is bound to take notice that it performed just as gloriously in 1861 and previously in the Mexican war, on far less pay, and, indeed, inadequate pay.

The American army in 1843 consisted of 8,613 men, including the staff. It contained only 6,040 enlisted men. The Army Register issued the other day shows that we now have 63,106 enlisted men and 2,432 commissioned officers. Besides this we have 719 retired officers and 1,433 retired enlisted men.—[Leslie J. Perry's letter to New York Sun.

"PUFFING PARAGRAPHS" IN ENGLAND.

It is only fair to the baser sort of publishers to say that they are usually careful as to where they "place" their paragraphs. They do not customarily risk inflicting them on papers of repute. Sometimes, however, they make mistakes; one of those paragraphs lately found its way to the Times, and was promptly pilloried; another reached the Saturday Review, taking the form of a ready-made puff of one of Mr. Robert Buchanan's achievements. From time to time most interesting documents reach us with regard to the health, wealth, habits of writing, drinking, eating and sleeping of gentlemen of whom we have the misfortune to know and whom whom we care nothing. True, these attentions do not put us to any trouble beyond the opening of the envelope and then the waste-paper basket, but they are at least superfluous. They differ entirely from regular information furnished as to forthcoming books, which may be, and often is, of great service to a literary journal.

There are, of course, many other modes of puffing; but this one we regard as the most disastrous of all modes. The publishers who send out these paragraphs, the editors who print them in the journals under their control, and the authors whose works are sold by them, are alike concerned in a conspiracy to debase the currency. In the long run, editors, publishers and authors will suffer from it. Sooner or later the educated public will begin to grow suspicious; and the power of the review for good—the power, that is, to praise the good in literature and to suppress the bad—will be lost. It will remain simply as an undisguised advertisement. A useful and enjoyable form of journalism, a form which has exercised in the past, and still exercises, the pens of brilliant Englishmen of letters, will have passed away. Surely it is time that the editors of even the smallest journals began to consider the morality of filling up their columns with such stuff. It is better, surely, that they should "fill up" with the most obvious little-talk and gossip than that all reviewing should fall in the estimation of the educated classes. Is it not also to the interest of publishers generally that they should take steps publicly to dissociate themselves from tricksters in trade? We do not know to what extent authors are involved in the trickery, and perhaps it is too much to expect incompetent writers to disapprove of the only plan by which they get fame even of a sort. In the interest of the educated classes we appeal to authors, publishers and newspapers to put an end to the scandal.

We are well aware that others, who are not publishers, practise the puff and ready-made review, if of a different sort. There are authors who for one hour they spend in the excogitation of their masterpieces spend three or four hours in penning and sending out "spicy paragraphs" of personal information about themselves. There are cliques which indulge in shameless logrolling to a startling extent. There are journals, supposed to be reputable, which will not tell the truth, or permit the truth to be told in their columns about a bad book, if it is written by one of their craft. There are writers who, having achieved a book, seem destined to spend the remainder of their natural lives in canvassing for favorable reviews. The cases of novelists who exploit the clergy are only too well known.—[London Saturday Review.

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to the coffee drinker. Coffee drinking is a habit that is universally indulged in and almost as universally injurious. Have you tried Grain-O? It is almost like coffee but the effects are just the opposite. Coffee upsets the stomach, ruins the digestion, effects the heart and disturbs the whole nervous system. Grain-O tones up the stomach, aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. There is nothing but nourishment in Grain-O. It can't do otherwise. 15 and 25c. per package.

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Competent Servants

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FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 17. Wall Street—The stock market opened firm, with Atchison at 18½, Burlington 131¼, General Electric 117¾, Louisville 65¾, Manhattan 110¼, Missouri Pacific 43⅞, Brooklyn Transit 112⅝, Northern Pacific 50, Northern Pacific preferred 70, People's Gas 117½, Rock Island 111, Sugar 155½, St. Paul 124, Southern preferred 51¼, Tobacco 107, Union Pacific 43¼, Union Pacific preferred 76, Federal Steel 57⅞, and Federal Steel preferred 80.

10—The opening of the market was fairly active and changes were in most cases confined to small gains. A few of the specialties, notably Sugar, Tobacco, General Electric and Colorado Fuel, were over a point up. London showed good prices for Americans, notably the Pacifics. It Biber was off a slight fraction, being practically the only important exception in the list.

11—While there were evidences of manipulation in the specialties which advanced them notably, including Sugar, the entire market showed decided strength. The inquiry was very general and there was an absence of the feverishness which marked recent trading. Central Pacific and Southern Pacific were in the van in the railway division.

Noon—Money on call, nominally at 2½ @ 3 per cent; mercantile paper, 3½ @ 4½; exchange, firm, at $4.87¼ @ ½ and $4.87¾ @ ½; posted rates, $4.86 @ ½ and $4.88 @ ½; commercial bills, $4.84 @ ½; silver certificates, 61¼ @ 62, bar silver, 61; Mexican dollars, 48¾; government bonds, strong; railroad bonds, strong. Efforts to realize by the trading element caused a relapse from the best prices. The movement, however, did not affect the undercurrent of strength, which was reinforced by a fair outside inquiry. Sales to noon, 203,422 shares. Prices of bonds were generally better. Some of the individual transactions were of important dimensions.

NEW YORK, May 17.

	Noon.
Atchison	18½
Canada Southern	54
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	131¼
C., C., C. & St. Louis	55
Delaware & Hudson	117
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	166½
Erie	19
Illinois Central	115
Lake Shore	198
Louisville & Nashville	65¾
Manhattan	110¼
Metropolitan Traction	230
Michigan Central	107
Missouri Pacific	44¼
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	12½
New York, New Haven & Hartford	200
New Jersey Central	111½
New York Central	133¾
Northern Pacific	49⅞
Northern Pacific preferred	77
Northwestern	138½
Ontario & Western	24¼
Oregon Navigation	37
Oregon Short Line	30
Reading	14½
Rock Island	110½
St. Paul	124
Southern Pacific	23¾
Texas & Pacific	20¾
Union Pacific preferred	76
Wabash	7
Wheeling & Lake Erie (new)	10¾
Adams Express	111
Wells, Fargo Express	123
American Spirits	12¼
American Tobacco	100¼
General Electric	117¾
Lead	34
Pullman's Palace Car	207
Pacific Mail	38
Sugar Refining	134
U. S. Rubber	37¼
Western Union	94¼

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Are the best spring tonic. Easy to take, quick to act. Make HEALTHY BLOOD faster than any other preparation. 25c. a bottle.

PREPARED BY

GEO. A. WOOD, Druggist, 106 BROADWAY.

Try Downing's Compound Extract Sarsaparilla,

A safe and effective cure for all skin diseases and impurities of the blood. In large-sized bottles at seventy-five cents. An excellent spring medicine.

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PHARMACISTS,

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Chamois Vests and Lung Protectors. Hot Water Bottles.

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Druggist and Apothecary,

Old No. 145. New No. 226 THAMES STREET.

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We invite inspection of our extensive collection of choice evergreens and flowering shrubs, ornamental trees, old-fashioned hardy garden flowers, Peonies, Phloxes, etc.

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Leading hotel in the city. Open all the year. Completely renovated and refurnished. First-class in every respect, with all modern improvements. Rates $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 per day, according to location. Rates to parties by the week or month. For further information regarding rooms, etc., address WM. S. O'BRIEN, Proprietor.

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AND THAT'S THE BEST.

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SEND US ONE DOLLAR and this ad, and we will send you this big 275-lb. new 1899 pattern high-grade HEARTHOLD COAL AND WOOD COOK STOVE, by freight C.O.D., subject to examination. Examine it at your freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory and the greatest Stove BARGAIN you ever saw or heard of, pay the FREIGHT AGENT our SPECIAL PRICE, $13.00 less than $1.00 sent with order or $12.00 and freight charges

ACME BIRD.

WRITE FOR OUR BIG FREE STOVE CATALOGUE.

This stove is size No. 8, oven is 18½x18x11, top is 24x33; made from best pig iron, extra large flues, heavy covers, heavy linings and grates, large oven shelf, heavy tin-lined oven door, handsome nickel-plated ornamentations and trimmings, extra large deep, genuine Standish porcelain lined reservoir, handsome large ornamented base. Best coal burner made, and we furnish FREE an extra wood grate, making it a perfect wood burner. WE ISSUE A BINDING GUARANTEE with every stove and guarantee safe delivery to your railroad station. Your local dealer would charge you $25.00 for such a stove, the freight is only about $1.00 for each 500 miles, so we are just at least $10.00. Address,

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Newport Steam Laundry

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J. D. RICHARDSON, Agent, 300 Thames street. Orders may also be left at Peckham & Manchester's, 19 Broadway, Telephone Connection.

The Eddy Refrigerator.

Fifty-two sizes and styles. The best refrigerator because the most economical, lasting longer than any and using less ice.

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W. K. Covell, 163 Thames St.

YOUR FLOORS

MAY LOOK SHABBY, YOU WANT THEM TO LOOK BRIGHT AND NEW. THEN USE

Johnston's Prepared Wax.

OUR WAX CONTAINS 20 PER CENT MORE SOLID MATTER THAN ANY OTHER ON THE MARKET AND WILL THEREFORE COVER 20 PER CENT MORE SURFACE. IT CAN BE BROUGHT TO A BEAUTIFUL POLISH WITH BUT FEW STROKES OF THE BRUSH.

IT IS TRUE

THAT A SMALL QUANTITY OF OUR WAX APPLIED TO THE WORN SPOTS ON A FLOOR WILL BLEND WITH THE FORMER WAX AND NOT SHOW THE LAP. GET OUR BOOK ON HOW TO TAKE CARE OF HARDWOOD FLOORS.

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Kindling Wood delivered to any part of the city, 4 barrels for one dollar. It is nice, dry, clean pine wood, cut from clean kiln-dried forest trees. Beware of kindlings made from old torn down buildings; it is more or less decayed and harbors bed bugs, ants and disease germs. It is sold very cheap, but in the end may be very dear. Leave your order at 69 to 75 Mill street.

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Franklin Coal of Lykens Valley,
Lorberry Red Ash,
Susquehanna White Ash.

Abram Almy, Proprietor.

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is often a perplexing question. Our Sterling Silver Department is ever ready with suggestions that have the merit of being in good taste.

We have a very pretty colonial tea set (4 pieces) at $20; ½ doz. Sterling Tea Spoons, Cream Ladle and Sugar Spoon, in case, only $3.00. Sterling Bon Bon Dish, $3.75. ½doz. Sterling Dessert Knives, in case, $8, and lots of other combinations.

HERRMANN'S,
219 THAMES STREET.

Burlingame & Carry,

Island Asparagus, California Cherries, Norfolk Strawberries, Soft Crabs.

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Special inducements to cash buyers.
Renting of pianos a specialty.
Sheet music and musical instruments.
Graphophones and phonographs.
We have over **2,000 records** in stock. Have received **500** this week.

PIANOLA recitals every day.

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CELERY SALAD,
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Cherries, Peaches, Plums, Pears. — Put up in patent opening jars, which make them very desirable.

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16 & 20 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

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'RANGE" COALS

SUCH AS

"Lorberry," RED ASHES.

"Lyken's Valley," DEEP RED ASHES.

"Susquehanna," FREE BURNING WHITE ASHES.

—AT—

Perry Brothers.

STRICKEN SUDDENLY.

Charles Acton Ives Expires While Riding a Bicycle.

Prominent as a Lawyer, Citizen and in Social Circles.

Yesterday afternoon the business men along Thames street were shocked to hear that Mr. Charles Acton Ives had fallen from his bicycle, dead, near Lee avenue on Thames street. Mr. Ives but a few moments before had been attending to business on the street, and many remembered seeing him riding down town on his wheel, bound as was afterward learned, to the Golf Club, for a little recreation on the links. Between Holland and Dearborn streets he met Mr. John Howard, who remarked, jokingly: "Look out, Mr. Ives, that that horse doesn't throw you." To this Mr. Ives responded, in the same spirit: "I'll try to look out for that; I don't think there is much danger." These were doubtless the last words he uttered.

He was riding along in his usual careful, rather slow, manner, until, when about even with the north side of Lee avenue, his wheel began to wobble and his body to sway, as though he had no control of himself. He, however, held his seat, and turned the bicycle to the sidewalk, apparently intending to reach the big fence about the gas works and steady himself. The wheel never reached the fence, for after mounting the curbing, at that place about four inches high, Mr. Ives pitched forward and fell to the ground, his forehead just grazing the fence. Two men going home

from work were within a few feet of him, and went to his assistance. There were a few short gasps, and then all was over.

Others gathered about and Foreman Hall of the gas works had the lifeless body taken to the gas office, where everything possible was done. A man was sent on Mr. Ives's wheel to summon Dr. Sanborn, and word was telephoned to the central office to send a doctor at once. Word was also sent to St. Mary's rectory, and Father Reddy responded, only to find Mr. Ives dead. Dr. Kenefick soon after arrived, and settled all doubts by declaring that death had preceded his arrival.

Dr. Ecroyd shortly after arrived, having also been notified. Both doctors agreed that heart disease was the cause of death, a violent convulsion being indicated by the appearance of the eyes and face and the body. The exercise of riding the wheel had not brought on the attack, for it was less than was necessary to walk at an ordinary pace.

The ambulance was called to take the body to Mr. Ives's home on Everett street, whither Dr. Kenefick preceded to notify Mrs. Ives. The remains were accompanied by Foreman Hall, Officer McMahon, D. J. Buckley and G. M. Kirwin, who had been doing all they could to resuscitate the dead man, thinking he simply had a fit or a fainting spell. In fact, until Dr. Kenefick arrived they could not believe that death had so suddenly called a man apparently in the full enjoyment of health and strength.

At the time that Mr. Ives fell the asphalt pavement was dry, there was no one near him on the street, and very few were on the sidewalk, so that those who saw the fatal termination of the ride had an unobstructed view of all that happened.

While it appeared to some that Mr. Ives tried to reach the fence to cling to it for support, the men who took him up think he had lost control of his wheel, that he was dead before he reached the sidewalk, and that the shock occasioned when his wheel struck the curb shook his body from the saddle. They agree with other spectators that he fell lightly against the fence, and that the fall was in no way responsible for his death.

Charles Acton Ives was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., November 5, 1854, and received his academic education in Manhattan College, New York, and Holy Cross College, Worcester. He was an assistant in the United States coast survey for seven years. About 20 years ago he came to Newport with his mother and studied law in the office of Hon. William P. Sheffield, being admitted to the bar in 1882. In 1884 he was identified with the independent movement in support of Grover Cleveland for the Presidency and was elected to the state legislature as a Democrat in 1890, serving one year and being a member of the house committee on judiciary. Since that time he had not taken an active interest in party politics, although he had been counsel for the municipal league in seeking an injunction against the city spending more than the amount authorized by the vote of the taxpayers in the construction and furnishing of the new city hall, and was counsel for the Fifth Ward Improvement Association in the pending legislation regarding the title of the lands about the creek in the Marchant street district. He was a member of the Newport Business Men's Association, the Newport Reading Room, the Newport Golf Club, and of St. Joseph's Church. About seven years ago he married Miss Bessie Hunt of San Antonio, Texas, and both he and Mrs. Ives had been interested in the social life of Newport.

As a lawyer Mr. Ives was very methodical in his work, thorough and painstaking in his investigation of the cases upon which he was engaged, examining the minutest details and securing an inmate knowledge of every particular. At the bar he was earnest and sincere, always courteous in the examination of witnesses, and while keen to every point that would be of assistance in the conduct of his case was always ready to acknowledge a point made against him. In his office work the same methodical precision was of great benefit to his clients, and he had acquired a practice and position which was recognized on all sides.

In private life Mr. Ives was a congenial companion, an interesting conversationalist, and keeping himself well informed of the events of the day was always ready to add something of value to the knowledge of those with whom he talked. He was positive in his convictions and did not hesitate to express his preferences or dislikes, but was always courteous in defending his position in an argument. In his home he was agreeable and interesting, and although he entertained but little had a wide circle of friends. He was of an athletic nature and kept himself in training by healthful outdoor exercise at all seasons of the year, giving to every one the impression that he was a type of vigorous manhood. To the community in which he had lived, therefore, his death was a severe shock, coming like lightning out of a clear sky to those who had known him and had been connected with him in his professional and business life.

Mr. Ives was a ready writer, and had frequently contributed to the columns of the News articles on the topics of the day, in national and local politics, in which were shown the same exactness of detail and the same thoroughness in the development of his argument that characterized his legal work.

CHARLES ACTON IVES.

To the Editor of the News:

Rarely has a death been a greater shock to our community than was that of Mr. Ives yesterday afternoon. His tall, straight, sinewy figure and healthful appearance gave to those who met him casually from day to day no sign of weakness or disease. He was in his office and upon the street as usual during the day, attending to his ordinary duties, made appointments with his associates at the bar and with others for the future, at its close left his office for his accustomed recreation, and in a few minutes the end had come. It is difficult to realize the fact, but so thin is the veil which separates us from the unseen.

Mr. Ives was undoubtedly in the midst of a successful professional career, which was the legitimate result of his industry, fidelity to his clients and his ability. His mind was keen and analytical, and in many ways well suited to his professional work. He was a student of the law, was diligent, and very careful and thorough in the performance of his duties. With the experience already acquired, in the prime of his mental vigor, it is not to be doubted that the past but foreshadowed a larger success in the future, had he lived.

Like every good citizen, he was legitimately interested in public affairs and wrote well and with comparative frequency for the press on matters of general interest. Mr. Ives was a man of culture and refinement, and had a high sense of honor and of personal integrity. In his death his profession and the entire community has suffered a great loss.

Newport, May 17, 1899.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Workmen are preparing "Beaulieu" for its next tenant, Mr. Porter Palmer.

—The steel work on the county jail is practically finished, and the plasterers are at work.

—The fire alarm had a little "picnic" soon after 3 o'clock yesterday. Cause—a rusted shunt in box 512, which was soon replaced.

—Master Arthur Deplitch, son of Mr. W. A. Deplitch, who has been seriously ill of pneumonia, is convalescing and now considered out of danger.

—Orders have been received from New York to stop work on the new polo field until some of the club members can come here to give directions regarding the work.

—T. P. Crowley is to build a pier, 100 feet long, for Mr. Whitall at his place on Washington street, and also repair the pier at Dr. Storer's place, which was damaged in the blizzard. Mr. Seth Low's wharf near Castle Hill is also to be repaired by the same contractor.

—A. H. Burnham and E. P. Dunham of Boston, W. Mott of Philadelphia, Leonard Wilson of Washington, C. G. Towne of Indianapolis, John Berendt of New York and George A. Randall and F. S. Elsbree of Providence are registered at the Perry House.

—Mr. W. A. Senna, formerly head clerk at the Perry House, has been engaged in his former position and began his duties yesterday. During the winter he was a clerk at the Clarendon Hotel, Green Cove Springs, Fla. Mr. Senna has not been here before for two and a half years.

—Dr. V. Mott Francis officiated Sunday as lay reader at St. Peter's Church, Narragansett Pier, Rev. Dr. Mabrolm, who is in charge, being ill. Dr. Francis is in charge of the missionary work of the Protestant Episcopal church on Prudence island. A chapel holding 100 people will be built there the coming summer.

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Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

AWAY FROM HOME, TOO.

Newports Lose to Taunton, for the First Time Abroad.

Yesterday's Games.

At Taunton—Taunton, 12; Newport, 6.
At Cambridge—Cambridge, 11; Fitchburg, 3.
At Portland—Portland, 7; Manchester, 6.
At Brockton—No game, rain.

New England League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct. Won.
Portland	6	0	1.000
Taunton	4	1	.800
Fitchburg	3	2	.600
Pawtucket	2	2	.500
Brockton	2	2	.500
Newport	2	4	.333
Cambridge	2	4	.333
Manchester	0	5	.000

Today's Games.

Newport at Cambridge. Brockton at Manchester, Pawtucket at Portland, Taunton at Fitchburg.

Taunton 12; Newport 6.

Taunton, Mass., May 15.—The local team defeated Newport today by a score of 12 to 6. The visitors' pitcher was very unsteady and gave Taunton many bases on balls. The feature of the game was a star catch by Quinlan, who captured a hot liner from Burrill's bat. Drinkwater pitched an excellent game for the home club. The score:

TAUNTON.

	a.b.	r.	th.	p.o.	a.	e.
Grant, r. f.,	5	2	3	4	1	0
Vought, 2b.,	5	2	1	4	1	1
Grove, l. f.,	4	2	1	3	1	0
Iotte, c. f.,	5	2	2	0	0	1
Wiley, 1b.,	5	2	3	6	0	0
Burrill, c.,	5	1	0	5	1	1
Long, s. s.,	3	0	2	3	2	0
King, 3b.,	1	1	1	2	3	0
Drinkwater, p.,	3	0	0	0	1	0
	40	12	13	27	9	3

NEWPORT.

Gilbert, c. f.,	5	0	2	4	0	0
Gallagher, 1. f.,	4	2	0	2	0	1
Shires, 1b.,	5	1	3	13	0	0
Armstrong, c.,	5	1	2	5	1	0
Mifferick, r. f.,	1	1	2	0	0	0
Hanna, 2b.,	4	0	0	1	2	1
Stroh, 3b.,	1	0	0	1	3	1
Quinlan, s. s.,	4	0	2	1	2	0
Dinsmore, p.,	1	1	2	0	5	0
	29	6	13	27	13	3

Innings,	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Taunton,	2	0	1	6	0	2	0	0	1	—12
Newport,	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	—6

Two-base hits—Grant; Shires. Three-base hit—Wiley. Stolen bases—Grant 2, Vought, Grove, Iotte 2, Wiley 2, Long, King; Gallagher 2. Double play—Grove-Vought. First base on balls—by Dinsmore, 8; Drinkwater, 1. Hit by pitched balls—Grant, Iotte, Drinkwater, 4; by Dinsmore, 4. Passed ball—Armstrong. Wild pitch—Drinkwater. Umpires—Kelley. Time—2h. 30m. Attendance, 350.

Portland, 7; Manchester, 6.

Portland, Me., May 16.—Callahan was very wild today, while McLeod kept the hits well scattered and Portland won its sixth consecutive victory. The game was close throughout and in the first half of the ninth the visitors tied the score. For Portland two men were given bases on balls, advanced by Sullivan, and Conroy drove in the winning run by a ground hit to Ulrich. The attendance was the best so far of the season. Attendance 450. Score:

Innings,	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Portland,	4	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	—7
Manchester,	2	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	—6

Hits—Portland, 8; Manchester, 10. Errors—Portland, 5; Manchester, 2. Batteries—McLeod and Taft; Callahan and Lake.

Cambridge, 11; Fitchburg, 3.

Cambridge, Mass., May 16.—Young Smith, the Boston College pitcher, was a puzzle to the Fitchburg boys today, while the home team for Hagar hard and won, 11 to 3. Murphy's batting was the feature of the game. Score:

Innings,	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Cambridge,	1	6	0	2	1	0	0	1	x	—11
Fitchburg,	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—3

Hits—Cambridge, 14; Fitchburg, 2. Errors—Cambridge, 3; Fitchburg, 5. Batteries—Smith and Quinlan; Hagar and Murphy.

Notes.

It is reported that Fred Klobedanz was in town last night and said that he intended to stand by his agreement to come to Newport, and was not going to Worcester as reported.

Local interest in the games played out of town has to shimmer generally until the following morning, as the usual bulletin service seems to fail utterly to gather in the New England League games. The News has tried hard to get bulletins of the games, but so far the press associations has failed to act until after people have gone to bed.

THE PETTINGILL NEWSPAPER DIRECTORY.

The seventh annual edition of Pettingill's Newspaper Directory is just out, a handsome volume of 1,000 pages, and is complete and comprehensive. It is primarily designed to be a guide for intelligent and well directed advertising, and in fulfilling that purpose has combined, as supplementary to its directory of newspapers, gazetteer features of great scope and fulness.

It presents a statistical and business picture, as it were, of over 9,000 towns and cities, giving their population and valuation, the counties they are located in—indicating if they are county seats—their distances from the nearest important place, the railroads touching them, their transportation facilities by water, their water powers, their principal hotels and banks, enumerates their principal manufacturing industries, stating the number of people employed in each, and the annual wage payments, mentions any special features, such as schools, colleges and resorts, shows the territory and population for which they are trade centres, and finally states their general character, whether agricultural, manufacturing or trade centres. To complete the usefulness of such a survey, a railroad map of each state is given.

These town descriptions come alphabetically under each state head, and under each town head is given a list of its local papers, also in alphabetical order, 20,000 papers are thus described, and 2,000 more class papers are rated separately.

The system of circulation ratings is in character with the plan of the rest of the work, to afford the fullest and best information possible. Each publisher is permitted to send in his own statement and the way he does it is indicated by a classification.

A SIX-MASTED SCHOONER.

The building of a six-masted schooner is now assured. Captain John G. Crowley of Taunton, Mass., managing owner of the Crowley fleet, will build this vessel at once.

The Crowley fleet now comprises schooner John B. Prescott, a five-master, the largest schooner in the world; the great 3,000-ton four-master, Henry W. Cramp, and four masters Sagamore and Mount Hope. These vessels have all been very successful.

The new six-master will be 300 feet on the keel, 310 feet over all and 420 from end to spanker boom to end of jibboom. She will carry 5,500 tons of coal, and with ordinary fortune will pay large dividends.

The cost of this new marine wonder will be about $100,000. The shares have all been subscribed, having been taken up with a rush.

The six-master will be built by H. M. Bean of Camden, Me., who launched the John B. Prescott last January. She will be completed in June, 1900.

Dinner Sets.

A few English printed dinner sets, gold band, of 130 pieces, of excellent quality, which are offered at

$15 a set.

COME IN AND SEE THEM.

ERASTUS P. ALLAN,
131 & 133 THAMES STREET.

S. F. B.
—COAL—

IN STOVE AND CHESTNUT SIZES. A WELL PREPARED COAL FOR SUMMER USE.

Pea Brush.

ALSO AN EXTRA FINE LOT OF

Cedar Bean Poles.

HEIRS OF GEO. BOWEN,
WM. H. BOONE, Agent.
Telephone 207-3.

Soap! Soap! Soap!

This week we will sell soap for less than it costs to manufacture it. It will pay you to lay in a year's stock, as soap improves in quality by keeping.

Positively these prices not to the trade—Best Laundry Soap, unwrapped, 10 bars for 25c.; Davis's Old Soap, 10 bars for 25c.; Bee Soap, 7 bars for 25c. With every 6 bars of Welcome Soap for 25c, we give one bar of Fairy Toilet Soap, Fairy Toilet Soap, 7 bars for 25c.; 1 box (3 cakes) Toilet Soap, 10c.; Egg White Soap, 3 bars for 17c.; 6 4-pound bars Brown Soap, 25c.; Good Will Soap, 7 bars for 25c.

BUTTER—Use the best quality of Butter. We sell it for less than you pay for poor goods.

EGGS—If you are troubled to get Fresh Eggs, our Best Eggs come from the farm daily.

SOME SPECIAL PRICES FOR THIS WEEK—Fancy Maine Corn, per can, 6c.; Best String Beans, per can 6c.; 1-lb. can Steak Salmon, 10c.; 2-lb. can Corn Beef, 10c.; 25c. can Soap, 10c.; Ginger Snaps, per lb., 5c.; Soda Crackers, per lb., 5c.; Common Crackers, per lb., 5c. Round Lemon Crackers, per lb., 5c.; Good Peas, per can, 6c.; Standard Tomatoes, usually sold for 10c., per can, 6c.; "Diamond" Brand Peaches, large can, 15c.; Gold Dust Washing Powder, per package, 14c.; Large bottle of English Pickles, 10c.

E. A. EDES & CO.,
149 AND 151 THAMES STREET.

AUCTION SALES.

By Thomas Burlingham, Auctioneer.

At Aquidneck Hall, Thursday, May 18, at 10 o'clock.

LARGE LOT OF

Sheets, Blankets, Quilts, 2,000 pounds Copper,

EASY CHAIRS, TABLES, SOFAS, HAIR MATTRESSES, CHAMBER SETS, EXTENSION TABLES, ODD BUREAUS.

Inspection on Wednesday.

By Thomas Burlingham, Auctioneer.

At Aquidneck Hall, Thursday, May 18, at 11 o'clock.

One Dublin Cart, 1 Set Double Harness, 1 Single Harness,

3 Ladies' Saddles, 4 Men's Saddles, all English made.

Can be seen on Wednesday.

Auction Sale.

THE SAILBOAT CARRIE AND JENNIE and all the fixtures belonging thereto, will be sold at Public Auction, to be held on the south side of Long Wharf, opposite Caswell's shop (where the boat now is), **Monday, May 22,** at 10 o'clock A. M. By order of the Administrator.

THOMAS BURLINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

MILLINERY.

Special Sale for Saturday
—OF—
FLOWERS at 25c.

M. E. Tobin, 46 & 48 Washington Square,
Opposite State House.

Broadway Millinery Store.

A Full Assortment of Spring Goods.

MOURNING GOODS A SPECIALTY.

G. H. KIRBY, 86 Broadway.

French Pattern Hats.

N. L. MASON,
31 CLARKE STREET.

NEW BOOKS.

Prisoners and Captives, By Henry Seton Merriman.
The Afghan Knife. Wedlock, by Winter.
The Maternity of Harriott Wicken.
I, Thou and the Other One, by Amelia Barr.
A Double Thread, by Miss Fowler.
The Fight for the Dominion, by Gay Parker.

SIMON HART, 202 Thames Street,
Successor to C. E. Hammett, Jr.

Carr's List of New Books.

MAY 17.

The "Julia Arthur" edition of "A LADY OF QUALITY." Paper binding, 45 cents.
THE AWKWARD AGE, by Henry James.
A THOUSAND DAYS IN THE ARCTIC, by Frederick G. Jackson.
THE MARKET PLACE, by Harold Frederic.
THE QUEEN OF THE SWAMP, by M. H. Catherwood.
TIVERTON TALES, by Alice Brown.
THE ANGEL OF THE COVENANT, by J. McLaren Cobban.
THE JAMESONS, by Mary E. Wilkins.
A CIVILIAN ATTACHE, by Helen Dawes Brown.
McTEAGUE, A STORY OF SAN FRANCISCO, by Frank Norris.

George H. Carr, Daily News Building.

INSTRUCTION.

MISS OPITZ,
Of Dresden and New York, recently returned from Germany, offers her services as

Instructress in Piano.

German Pupils taught in Piano in the German language if desired. Children's classes formed. Address 21 Clarke street. Refers to former patrons in Newport and New York.

Alfred G. Langley, A. M.

PRIVATE TUTOR.

Piano Instruction and Accompanying.

School Street. Call from 1:30 to 3 P. M.

Newport Business College.

Students received at any time. Apply to
A. M. STEED, Prin. and Prop'r.

1899

Victor and Victoria BICYCLES.

Price $40.

Newport Bicycle Agency,
158 THAMES STREET.
EDWARD GRIFFITH, Prop'r.

LAPPIN'S

145 Thames Street.

Children's Dresses AT A SACRIFICE.

59c. 59c.

We have received about twenty-five dozen dresses just like this picture or cut, from 4 to 14 years, that we will sell at 59c. It is of good percale, pretty patterns in pinks and blues, trimmed with insertion, ruffle front and back; a little gem at this price.

SEE OUR LINE OF

Shirt Waists!

We lead in this line this season.

Ladies' Furnishers.